Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Globe, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Globe, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Globe, Arizona's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Globe, Arizona, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, budgetary comparison schedules on pages 70 through 72, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability – cost-sharing pension plans on page 73, schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability (asset) and related ratios – agent pension plans on pages 74 and 75, schedule of City pension contributions on pages 76 through 78, and schedule of agent OPEB plans' funding progress on pages 79 through 80 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Globe, Arizona's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and nonmajor budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, nonmajor budgetary comparison schedules, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2018, on our consideration of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Arizona Revised Statutes

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the City pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the City solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. According, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

May 31, 2018

Within this section of the City of Globe (City) annual financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$10,683,208 (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets net of related debt of \$13,761,202 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt related to the purchase of capital assets.
 - (2) Net position of \$748,220 is restricted for various purposes.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position is a long-term measurement of the City as a whole representing the portion available for the City's obligations to citizens and creditors and was negative (\$3,826,214) at fiscal year-end. This amount increased by \$517,741 from the prior year. The primary cause of the deficit net position is due to the \$16,726,790 in long-term net pension liabilities to be funded through future years' revenue.
- The City's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$5,110,694. This compares to the prior year total ending fund balance, as restated, of \$5,824,000 reflecting a decrease of (\$713,306) during the current year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and

liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public services, and recreation. The business-type activities are the water and sewer utilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives. Budgetary comparison schedules can be found in a later section of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The Water and Sewer Utility funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization for water and sewer services.

Fiduciary funds such as the Volunteer Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund city programs and are reported similarly to proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedules. These schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. Supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements. Combining financial statements are provided for nonmajor governmental funds totaled in one column on the fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position at June 30, 2017:

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 2017	Business-type Activities 2017	Totals 2017	Totals (as restated)	Amount Change
Comment and athenres to	¢ (216.291	¢ 5,000,222	Ф 12.215.502	¢ 11.005.775	¢ 420.729
Current and other assets	\$ 6,316,281	\$ 5,999,222	\$ 12,315,503	\$ 11,885,775	\$ 429,728
Capital assets	5,493,389	13,560,711	19,054,100	17,274,891	1,779,209
Total assets	11,809,670	19,559,933	31,369,603	29,160,666	2,208,937
Deferred outflows of resources Current liabilities	4,981,655 1,517,089	197,956 647,633	5,179,611 2,164,722	3,069,360 1,355,623	2,110,251 809,099
		,		, ,	,
Noncurrent liabilities	15,853,985	6,316,405	22,170,390	22,901,161	(730,771)
Total liabilities	17,371,074	6,964,038	24,335,112	24,256,784	78,328
Deferred inflows of resources	1,325,257	205,637	1,530,894	1,385,516	145,378
Net investment in capital assets	5,769,400	7,991,802	13,761,202	10,059,702	3,701,500
Restricted	253,509	494,711	748,220	871,979	(123,759)
Unrestricted	(7,927,915)	4,101,701	(3,826,214)	(4,343,955)	517,741
Total net position	\$ (1,905,006)	\$ 12,588,214	\$ 10,683,208	\$ 6,587,726	\$ 4,095,482

The City reported a negative net position for governmental activities and a positive balance in net position for business-type activities. Net position increased by \$722,015 for governmental activities and increased by \$3,373,467 for business-type activities.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2017.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

			siness-type Activities 2017			Totals (as restated)		Amount Change	
Revenues								-	
Program revenues:									
Charges for services	\$ 1,604,764	\$	3,441,265	\$	5,046,029	\$	4,336,433	\$	709,596
Operating grants and contributions	1,621,350		-		1,621,350		1,548,150		73,200
Capital grants and contributions	393,877		3,000,000		3,393,877		121,023		3,272,854
General revenues:									
City sales tax	4,321,259		-		4,321,259		3,725,191		596,068
State taxes and shared revenues	2,047,605		-		2,047,605		2,065,986		(18,381)
Property tax	504,704		-		504,704		493,966		10,738
Franchise tax	231,803		-		231,803		743,323		(511,520)
Gain on investments	32,561		-		32,561		13,683		18,878
Gain on sale of assets	3,500		-		3,500		-		3,500
Miscellaneous	146,288		-		146,288		215,544		(69,256)
Total revenues	10,907,711		6,441,265		17,348,976		13,263,299		4,085,677
Expenses									
General government	1,565,904		-		1,565,904		1,724,610		(158,706)
Public safety	5,718,155		-		5,718,155		5,523,935		194,220
Public works and streets	1,794,953		-		1,794,953		2,176,937		(381,984)
Parks and recreation	312,300		-		312,300		442,763		(130,463)
Sanitation	615,952		-		615,952		546,147		69,805
Welfare	177,065		-		177,065		172,375		4,690
Interest on long-term debt	1,367		-		1,367		-		1,367
Water utility	-		2,012,064		2,012,064		2,077,338		(65,274)
Sewer utility	 		1,055,734		1,055,734		1,237,421		(181,687)
Total expenses	10,185,696		3,067,798		13,253,494		13,901,526		(648,032)
Change in net position	722,015		3,373,467		4,095,482		(638,227)		4,733,709
Beginning net position	 (2,627,021)		9,214,747		6,587,726		7,225,953		(638,227)
Ending net position	\$ (1,905,006)	\$	12,588,214	\$	10,683,208	\$	6,587,726	\$	4,095,482

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements.

Revenues of the governmental funds totaled \$10,892,764 in 2016-2017, an increase of 9% from 2015-2016. A comparative summary of principal revenues is as follows:

	2016-2017	Amount	%	2015-2016
Taxes	\$ 4,825,963	\$ 396,138		\$ 4,429,825
Intergovernmental	3,992,878	446,729		3,546,149
Charges for services	930,758	(49,652)		980,410
Licences, permits and fees	557,677	15,163		542,514
Franchise fees	231,803	(3,020)		234,823
Other revenue	142,557	36,717		105,840
Fines and forfeitures	178,567	57,346		121,221
Interest	32,561	18,878		13,683
Total revenues	\$ 10,892,764	\$ 918,299	9%	\$ 9,974,465

Expenditures of the governmental funds totaled \$11,768,642 in 2016-2017, an increase of 20% from the prior year. The schedule that follows summarizes the expenditures.

		Increase (Decrease) from 2015-2016					
	2016-2017	Amount	%	2015-2016			
General government	\$ 1,456,785	\$ (88,675)		\$ 1,545,460			
Public safety	5,933,987	715,664		5,218,323			
Public works and streets	1,726,487	(149,034)		1,875,521			
Parks and recreation	375,442	47,974		327,468			
Sanitation	601,712	59,663		542,049			
Welfare	182,346	14,464		167,882			
Debt service	26,217	16,655		9,562			
Capital outlay	1,465,666	1,345,531		120,135			
Total revenues	\$ 11,768,642	\$ 1,962,242	20%	\$ 9,806,400			

Revenues (\$10,892,764) were less than expenditures (\$11,768,642) by \$875,878 and revenues from other financing sources of \$162,572 decreased the City's overall governmental fund balance carryover from \$5,824,000 at June 30, 2016 to \$5,110,694 at June 30, 2017.

Proprietary funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The net position of these funds increased by \$3,373,467 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The primary cause of the increase relates to the 2014 Water Infrastructure Finance Authority (WIFA) bond reimbursement of \$3,000,000.

City Payroll and Fringe Benefits

The City's gross payroll for 2016-2017 was \$4,122,699, a decrease 6% or \$242,804, from 2015- 2016. A summary by department follows:

		Increase (Decrease) from 2015-2016	
	2016-2017	Amount %	2015-2016
General government	\$ 461,091	\$ 33,153	\$ 427,938
Public safety	2,180,997	(259,688)	2,440,685
Public works and streets	606,249	(34,133)	640,382
Parks and recreation	167,371	15,098	152,273
Welfare	64,078	4,803	59,275
Water utility	393,202	(36,700)	429,902
Sewer utility	249,711	34,663	215,048
Total revenues	\$ 4,122,699	\$ (242,804) -6%	\$ 4,365,503

The following payroll fringe benefits amounted to \$4,149,200, an increase of \$1,120,316, or 37%. The increase was due to increases in the required contribution for the pensions, as follows:

	Increase (Decrease) 2015-2016						
	20	16-2017		Amount	<u>%</u>	20	15-2016
Social security and Medicare taxes	\$	255,156	\$	8,192		\$	246,964
State retirement contributions		253,447		21,799			231,648
Policemen's pension contributions		1,266,448		732,021			534,427
Regular firemen's pension contributions		908,146		506,206			401,940
Elected officials retirement contributions		6,507		21			6,486
Industrial insurance		114,779		(42,473)			157,252
Health and life insurance		1,344,717		(105,450)			1,450,167
Total revenues	\$ 4	4,149,200	\$	1,120,316	37%	\$	3,028,884

Fringe benefits provided by the City (\$4,149,200) amounted to 101% of the total gross payroll (\$4,122,699).

Analysis of Balances of City's Individual Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's individual governmental funds reported a combined fund balance \$5,110,604, a decrease of \$713,306 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 95.53% of this total amount (\$4,882,173) constitutes the General Fund Balance, which is available for its ongoing obligations.

At June 30, 2017 fund balances were as follows:

	2016-2017	Amount	%	2015-2016
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$ 4,882,173	\$ (627,700)		\$ 5,509,873
Highway Users Fund	17,238	17,238		-
Grants Fund	80,896	80,896		-
Active Adult Center Fund	(61,206)	(61,206)		-
Library Fund	(44,678)	(44,678)		-
Transportation Excise Tax Fund	236,271	(77,856)		314,127
Total	\$ 5,110,694	\$ (713,306)	-12%	\$ 5,824,000
Proprietary Funds:				
Water Utility Fund	8,354,562	3,337,939		5,016,623
Sewer Utility Fund	4,233,652	35,528		4,198,124
Total	\$ 12,588,214	\$ 3,373,467	37%	\$ 9,214,747

Budgetary Highlights

Schedules showing the budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund and the Transportation Excise Tax Fund are provided in this report as required supplementary information. For the General Fund, revenues are \$226,900 under budget, expenses are \$3,671,843 under budget, and other financing sources are \$162,572 over budget creating a positive variance of \$3,607,515.

Budgetary highlights for the General Fund are as follows:

Revenues:

- Actual revenues for licenses, permits, and fees fell short of budget by \$309,923 due to anticipated development for building permit and review fees that did not materialize in fiscal year 2017.
- Revenues for the contract with SWG for fees should have been around \$36K in the FY17 budget and was mistakenly appropriated at \$75,000 due to backlog of payments from prior fiscal years.

Expenses:

- In General Government, there was \$2,509,836 appropriated for carryforward fund balance in the event the City had a revenue shortfall and/or unexpected emergency expense. Of this total, the City only used \$153,000 for a Fire Truck purchase.
- Also in General Government, there was \$373,493 appropriated for the reserve held for employer paid insurance premiums that could be used by the City to pay health insurance. This was not spent in fiscal year 2017. Administration did overexpend their total FY17 budget by \$18,837 but expenditures were approved by the Council.

Budgetary Highlights for the Transportation Excise Fund are as follows:

Revenues:

• Actual revenues were \$30,171 less than what was budgeted in FY17. This is the transportation tax that is collected by Gila County and distributed to the Cities and Towns in Gila County and the decrease is a result of a decrease in amount of sales tax sales.

Expenses:

• The expenses were \$173,259 less than what was appropriated for street projects in FY17. These funds can only be spent on street projects and will be carried forward to be used in FY18.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The following is a comparison of capital assets net of depreciation for 2017 and 2016.

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			
	2017	2016		2017		2016	
Land	\$ 1,323,644	\$	1,298,822	\$	287,893	\$	287,893
Construction in progress	-		-		1,035,329		4,919,129
Buildings	1,235,413		1,347,291		1,699,015		1,655,273
Street infrastructure and							
other improvements	1,789,998		1,026,501		9,897,991		5,602,266
Machinery and equipment	1,144,334		812,387		640,483		325,329
	\$ 5,493,389	\$	4,485,001	\$	13,560,711	\$	12,789,890

Long-Term Obligations

The City's Water Utility borrowed an additional \$1,241,992 of the 2014 WIFA loans to fund additional water and well system expenditures. In addition to the existing capital lease agreement for road construction equipment the City entered into another lease agreement for \$162,572 for two police vehicles and \$305,524 for water and sewer vehicles.

FISCAL YEAR 2016-2017 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The City has on credit, prepaid health insurance premiums with Blue Cross Blue Shield (City's health insurance company) in the amount of \$619,849 as of June 30, 2017. This had not been recorded in prior fiscal years. Interest income on City investments with the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) increased \$18,878 from the prior year. State-shared revenues decreased \$18,383 from the prior year.

FYE 15-16 the City was facing approximately \$14,000,000 debt in unfunded pension liability, primarily composed of \$11,000,000 in PSPRS debt. In order to reduce this severe liability in the future, in June 2016, the City Council created a PSPRS Funding Task Force to explore alternate PSPRS funding options to address the PSPRS Reform signed into law in February 2016. As of June 30, 2017, the Task Force recommended a .3% sales tax increase designated to paying down the unfunded liability. Additionally, the Task Force recommended allocating \$1,000,000 from the General Fund, once the final budget was approved, to pay toward the \$10,000,000 liability. Globe has a \$16,725,790 debt in unfunded liability to PSPRS, EORP and ASRS. The PSPRS debt unfunded liability is \$12,988,144, the EORP debt unfunded liability is \$324,824, and the ASRS debt unfunded liability is \$3,413,822. While this has no impact on the current FYE, it should pay dividends in the future.

The City chose not to issue a water and sewer rate increase during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. Water and sewer revenues held stable so it was determined not to implement an increase for this year.

June 2015, the City entered into an agreement with the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) that provides \$5,500,000 in financial assistance for drinking water capital improvement projects. \$3,000,000 is in grants and \$2,500,000 is in revenue bonds payable over twenty years at 2.333%. In June of 2017, the City entered into agreement with WIFA that provides \$3,000,000 for financial assistance for drinking water capital improvement projects. \$750,000 is in grants and \$2,250,000 in revenue bonds payable over twenty years at 2.016%. The total WIFA bonds payable as of June 30, 2017 was \$5,311,791, or a decrease of \$2,052,758 from the prior year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact, City of Globe, 150 N. Pine St., Globe, Arizona 85501.



CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Primary Government						
	Governmental	Business-type					
	Activities	Activities	Total				
ASSETS		_					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,834,090	\$ 5,074,775	\$ 9,908,865				
Restricted cash	-	563,322	563,322				
Accounts receivable - net	186,610	361,125	547,735				
Due from other governments	529,529	-	529,529				
Other receivables	66,724	-	66,724				
Taxes receivable	41,371	-	41,371				
Prepaids	627,444	-	627,444				
Inventory	30,513	-	30,513				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,323,644	1,323,222	2,646,866				
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	4,169,745	12,237,489	16,407,234				
Total assets	11,809,670	19,559,933	31,369,603				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,981,655	197,956	5,179,611				
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	741,584	99,156	840,740				
Accrued expenses	302,761	24,514	327,275				
Interest payable	-	71,684	71,684				
Refundable deposits	-	68,611	68,611				
PSPRS Hall-Parker liability	262,121	-	262,121				
Noncurrent liabilities							
Due within 1 year	210,623	383,668	594,291				
Due in more than 1 year	15,853,985	6,316,405	22,170,390				
Total liabilities	17,371,074	6,964,038	24,335,112				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,325,257	205,637	1,530,894				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	5,769,400	7,991,802	13,761,202				
Restricted for							
Highways and streets	253,509	-	253,509				
Debt service	-	371,405	371,405				
Repairs and replacements	-	123,306	123,306				
Unrestricted	(7,927,915)	4,101,701	(3,826,214)				
Total net position	\$ (1,905,006)	\$ 12,588,214	\$ 10,683,208				

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Program Revenue		Net	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
			Charges Operating Capital			Primary Government							
			for	G	rants and	G	rants and	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type		
Functions / Programs	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions		Activities		Activities		Total
Primary government:													
Governmental activities													
General government	\$ 1,565,904	\$	602,122	\$	38,947	\$	_	\$	(924,835)	\$	-	\$	(924,835)
Public safety	5,718,155		178,567		140,627		393,877		(5,005,084)		-		(5,005,084)
Public works and streets	1,794,953		_		1,238,234		_		(556,719)		-		(556,719)
Parks and recreation	312,300		206,096		82,402		-		(23,802)		-		(23,802)
Sanitation	615,952		617,979		-		-		2,027		-		2,027
Welfare	177,065		-		121,140		-		(55,925)		-		(55,925)
Interest on long-term debt	1,367		-		-		-		(1,367)		-		(1,367)
Total governmental activities	10,185,696		1,604,764		1,621,350		393,877		(6,565,705)		-		(6,565,705)
Business-type activities													
Water	2,012,064		2,350,003		-		3,000,000		-		3,337,939		3,337,939
Sewer	1,055,734		1,091,262		-		_		-		35,528		35,528
Total business-type activities	3,067,798		3,441,265		-		3,000,000		-		3,373,467		3,373,467
Total primary government	\$ 13,253,494	\$	5,046,029	\$	1,621,350	\$	3,393,877		(6,565,705)		3,373,467		(3,192,238)
	General revenue:												
	Taxes:												
	Sales tax								4,321,259		-		4,321,259
	Property tax								504,704		-		504,704
	Franchise tax								231,803		-		231,803
	State urban reven	nue sh	naring						904,847		-		904,847
	Share of state sal	es tax	æs						676,795		-		676,795
	Share of county a	auto li	ieu taxes						465,963		-		465,963
	Investment incon	ne							32,561		-		32,561
	Miscellaneous								146,288		-		146,288
	Gain on sale of as	ssets							3,500				3,500
	Total general re	evenu	ie						7,287,720				7,287,720
	Change in net p	positi	on						722,015		3,373,467		4,095,482
	Net position, beg			tated					(2,627,021)		9,214,747		6,587,726
	Net position, end	ofye	ear					\$	(1,905,006)	\$	12,588,214	\$	10,683,208

See accompanying notes to financial statements.
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CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Balance Sheet **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Transportation Excise Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,101,357	\$ 649,777	\$ 82,956	\$ 4,834,090
Accounts receivable, net	186,610	-	-	186,610
Due from other governments	352,204	38,776	138,549	529,529
Other receivables	66,724	-	-	66,724
Taxes receivable	41,371	-	-	41,371
Due from other funds	126,800	-	-	126,800
Prepaids	627,444	-	-	627,444
Inventory	30,513			30,513
Total assets	5,533,023	688,553	221,505	6,443,081
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	201,885	452,282	87,417	741,584
Accrued expenses	287,723	-	15,038	302,761
Due to other funds			126,800	126,800
Total liabilities	489,608	452,282	229,255	1,171,145
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	161,242			161,242
FUND BALANCES				
Unspendable	784,757	-	-	784,757
Restricted for:				
Highways and streets	=	236,271	17,238	253,509
Committed	102,004	-	-	102,004
Unassigned	3,995,412		(24,988)	3,970,424
Total fund balances	4,882,173	236,271	(7,750)	5,110,694
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 5,533,023	\$ 688,553	\$ 221,505	\$ 6,443,081

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2017

Fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 5,110,694
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in		5,493,389
Some receivables are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as Property taxes Fines	30,574 130,668	161,242
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension liabilities and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as a liability in OPEB liability Capital leases payable Compensated absences PSPRS Hall-Parker liability Net pension liability	(26,617) (181,267) (205,971) (262,121) (15,650,753)	(16,326,729)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		3,656,398
Net position of governmental activities		\$ (1,905,006)

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General Fund	Transportation Excise Tax Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,825,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,825,963
Intergovernmental	2,047,605	437,193	1,508,080	3,992,878
Charges for services	930,758	=	-	930,758
Licenses, permits and fees	557,677	-	-	557,677
Franchise fees	231,803	-	-	231,803
Other revenue	116,060	-	26,497	142,557
Fines and forfietures	178,567	-	-	178,567
Interest	32,561			32,561
Total revenues	8,920,994	437,193	1,534,577	10,892,764
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,456,785	-	-	1,456,785
Public safety	5,924,441	-	9,546	5,933,987
Public works and streets	1,023,542	-	702,945	1,726,487
Parks and recreation	185,855	=	189,587	375,442
Sanitation	601,712	-	-	601,712
Welfare	-	-	182,346	182,346
Debt Service				
Principal	24,850	-	-	24,850
Interest	1,367	-	_	1,367
Capital outlay	492,714	515,049	457,903	1,465,666
Total expenditures	9,711,266	515,049	1,542,327	11,768,642
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(790,272)	(77,856)	(7,750)	(875,878)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease agreement	162,572			162,572
Net change in fund balances	(627,700)	(77,856)	(7,750)	(713,306)
Fund balances, beginning of year, restated	5,509,873	314,127		5,824,000
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,882,173	\$ 236,271	\$ (7,750)	\$ 5,110,694

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ (713,306)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		, , ,
Statement of Activities are different because:		
Covernmental fronte monert conital authors on		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the		
cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay	1,465,666	
Depreciation expense	(457,278)	
		1,008,388
Town pension contributions are reported as expenditures		
in the governmental funds when made. However, they are		
reported as deferred outflows of resources in the		
statement of net position because the reported net pension		
liability is measured a year before the Town's report date.		
Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension		
liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and		
inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities.		
Town pension contributions	2,439,135	
Pension expense	(1,820,166)	
Tension expense	(1,020,100)	618,969
		0 - 0,5 0 5
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to		
governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of		
debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds,		
but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the		
Statement of Net Position.		
Capital leases incurred	(162,572)	
Capital lease principal repaid	24,850	
		(137,722)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in		
the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized		
for transactions that are not normally paid with		
expendable available resources. In the Statement of		
Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual		
basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of		
when the financial resources are available.	(0.52.121)	
PSPRS Hall-Parker liability	(262,121)	
Decrease in OPEB liability Decrease in compensated absences payable	8,072 199,735	
Decrease in compensated absences payable	177,/33	 (54,314)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 722,015

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,125,018	\$ 1,949,757	\$ 5,074,775
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	563,322	-	563,322
Accounts receivable, net	255,329	105,796	361,125
Total current assets	3,943,669	2,055,553	5,999,222
Noncurrent assets			
Capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation, where applicable	10,938,821	2,621,890	13,560,711
Total assets	14,882,490	4,677,443	19,559,933
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	124,162	73,794	197,956
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	89,803	9,353	99,156
Accrued expenses	15,502	9,012	24,514
Accrued interest payable	71,684	-	71,684
Current portion of compensated absences	25,266	16,079	41,345
Current portion of capital leases payable	38,628	-	38,628
Current portion of loans payable	303,695	-	303,695
Customer deposits	68,611		68,611
Total current liabilities	613,189	34,444	647,633
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences, net of current portion	8,422	5,360	13,782
Capital leases payable, net of current portion	218,490	-	218,490
Loans payable, net of current portion	5,008,096	-	5,008,096
Net pension liability	674,913	401,124	1,076,037
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,909,921	406,484	6,316,405
Total liabilities	6,523,110	440,928	6,964,038
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	128,980	76,657	205,637
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	5,369,912	2,621,890	7,991,802
Restricted	494,711	-	494,711
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,489,939	1,611,762	4,101,701
Total net position	\$ 8,354,562	\$ 4,233,652	\$ 12,588,214

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-typ	e ActivitiesEnto	erprise Funds
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Total
Operating revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 2,268,292	\$ 1,086,042	\$ 3,354,334
Miscellaneous	81,711	5,220	86,931
Total operating revenues	2,350,003	1,091,262	3,441,265
Operating expenses			
Depreciation	444,311	265,833	710,144
Salaries and wages	393,202	249,711	642,913
Utilities	321,771	85,828	407,599
Employee benefits	240,407	159,109	399,516
Professional services	91,860	111,110	202,970
Materials and supplies	60,508	47,258	107,766
Repairs and maintenance	248,439	79,001	327,440
Insurance	56,945	18,377	75,322
Other	15,434	39,507	54,941
Total operating expenses	1,872,877	1,055,734	2,928,611
Operating income (loss)	477,126	35,528	512,654
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest expense	(139,187)		(139,187)
Income (loss) before contributions,			
gains, losses, and transfers	337,939	35,528	373,467
Capital contribution	3,000,000		3,000,000
Increase (decrease) in net position	3,337,939	35,528	3,373,467
Total net position, beginning of year, restated	5,016,623	4,198,124	9,214,747
Total net position, end of year	\$ 8,354,562	\$ 4,233,652	\$ 12,588,214

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,359,758	\$ 1,088,475	\$ 3,448,233
Payments to suppliers and providers of			
goods and services	(1,283,727)	(545,875)	(1,829,602)
Payments to employees	(408,782)	(237,580)	(646,362)
Net cash provided by (used for)			
operating activities	667,249	305,020	972,269
Cash flows from capital and related			
financing activities:			
Purchase of capital assets	(1,092,832)	(82,609)	(1,175,441)
Principal paid on loans payable	(294,750)	-	(294,750)
Interest paid	(125,183)	-	(125,183)
Principal paid on capital leases	(48,406)	-	(48,406)
Proceeds from capital grants	326,735	-	326,735
Proceeds from loans payable	1,241,992		1,241,992
Net cash provided by (used for) capital			
and related financing activities	7,556	(82,609)	(75,053)
Net increase (decrease) in cash			
and cash equivalents	674,805	222,411	897,216
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,013,535	1,727,346	4,740,881
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,688,340	\$ 1,949,757	\$ 5,638,097
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,125,018	\$ 1,949,757	\$ 5,074,775
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	563,322		563,322
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,688,340	\$ 1,949,757	\$ 5,638,097

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Cash Flows **Proprietary Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2017

(Continued)

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewer	
	Utility	Utility	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ 477,126	\$ 35,528	\$ 512,654
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation Depreciation	444,311	265,833	710,144
Pension expense	3,615	2,148	5,763
Employer pension contributions	(10,038)	35,438	25,400
(Increase) decrease in:	,	•	•
Accounts receivable	5,949	(2,787)	3,162
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable	(241,940)	(43,271)	(285,211)
Accrued expenses	15,502	9,012	24,514
Customer deposits	3,806	-	3,806
Compensated absences payable	(31,082)	3,119	(27,963)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 667,249	\$ 305,020	\$ 972,269
Non-cash investing and financing activities: Capital contribution from forgiveness of			
WIFA debt	\$ 3,000,000	\$ -	\$ 3,000,000
Acquisition of capital assets financed by: Capital leases payable	\$ 305,524	\$ -	\$ 305,524

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2017

	Volunteer	
	Firefighters'	
	Re	lief and
	Pe	ension
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,989
Due from City		39
Total assets		31,028
LIABILITIES		
Total liabilities		
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for investment trust participants	\$	31,028

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Volur Firefig Relief Pens	hters' `and
Additions		
Contributions from participants	\$	208
Investment income		192
Total additions Deductions		400
Distributions to participants		6,475
Change in net position		(6,075)
Net position, beginning of year		37,103
Net position, end of year	\$	31,028

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Globe, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a general purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City (the primary government).

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole, while the fund statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the City). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the City levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges and insurance premiums, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Transportation Excise Tax Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from Gila County Transportation Excise Tax Fund that is legally restricted to expenditures for highway and street purpose.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water* and *Sewer Funds* account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the City Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The City reports the following fund types:

The *Volunteer Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund* accounts for the City's Volunteer Firefighter's Relief and Pension Fund, a defined contribution plan for which the assets are held by the City in a trustee capacity.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The City applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The City's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, landfill closure and postclosure care costs, and pollution remediation obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

E. Inventories

The City accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for sale and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

F. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the proprietary funds are estimated by the City. The amount recorded as uncollectible at June 30, 2017 in the Water and Sewer Funds, respectively, were \$12,242 and \$5,075.

G. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end are reported as unavailable revenue. Property taxes collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as deferred revenue.

The City levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer's Office, and at June 30, 2017, the uncollected property taxes and related allowances for uncollectible amounts (if any) were as follows:

Fiscal Year	General Fund
2016 - 2017 Prior	\$ 41,371
Net total	\$ 41,371

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

	Capitalization		Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold		Method	Useful Life
Land	\$	5,000	N/A	N/A
Buildings		5,000	Straight-line	10-40
Furniture, machinery and equipment		5,000	Straight-line	3-20
Infrastructure and improvements		5,000	Straight-line	5-20

I. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate 120 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the City Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the City Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has authorized the City manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the City's policy to use (the City will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the City's policy to use (the City will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

M. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Principles

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The City implemented this standard during this fiscal period.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Upon implementation, it is anticipated that this Statement will cause a restatement of beginning net position of the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, and the proprietary funds.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. The City implemented this standard during this fiscal period.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73. The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as of a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. In that circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017.

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the City to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the City Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The City's investment policy states that the City will conform with Arizona Revised Statutes. The City does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

Deposits—At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the City's total cash in bank was \$6,999,667, and the bank balances were \$7,429,374. Of the bank balances, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance or similar insurance. The remainder was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the City's name.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash in the Water Fund consists of monies restricted for refundable customer deposits in the amount of \$68,611, monies restricted for debt service in the amount of \$371,405, and monies restricted for repairs and replacements in the amount of \$123,306.

Investments—The City reported investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5 with a reported amount of \$3,500,857. The Standard and Poor's credit quality rating of the pool is AAA.

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

						olunteer efighters'		
	Governmental		Business-type		Relief and			
	activities		activities		Pension		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents:								
Cash on hand	\$	2,652	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,652
Amount of deposits		1,356,712		5,638,097		4,858		6,999,667
State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5		3,474,726				26,131		3,500,857
Total	\$	4,834,090	\$	5,638,097	\$	30,989	\$	10,503,176

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due at June 30, 2017 from other governments in the Governmental Funds consisted of the following:

			Tran	sportation		Other	
			$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$	cise Tax	Gov	ernmental	
Description	Gei	neral Fund	Fund		Funds		 Total
State of Arizona:							
City sales tax	\$	275,652	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 275,652
Highway user revenue		-		-		71,572	71,572
Grants		-		-		66,977	66,977
State sales tax		57,948		-		-	57,948
Vehicle license tax		18,604		-		-	18,604
Gila County:							
Transportation Excise Tax				38,776		-	 38,776
	\$	352,204	\$	38,776	\$	138,549	\$ 529,529

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Go	wernmental activitie Balance	_		Balance	
	July 1, 2016	Increases	Reclassification	June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,298,822	24,822		\$ 1,323,644	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,298,822	24,822		1,323,644	
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment	4,056,820 6,329,217	11,624 879,146	- (349,965)	4,068,444 6,858,398	
Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated	4,250,661 14,636,698	550,074 1,440,844	349,965	5,150,700 16,077,542	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements	(2,709,529) (5,516,830)	(123,502) (197,234)	-	(2,833,031) (5,714,064)	
other than buildings	(3,224,160)	(136,542)	_	(3,360,702)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(11,450,519)	(457,278)	-	(11,907,797)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,186,179	983,566		4,169,745	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 4,485,001	\$ 1,008,388	\$ -	\$ 5,493,389	
Bu	siness-type activiti Balance	<u>es</u>		Balance	
<u>Bu</u>		es Increases	Reclassification	Balance June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893	Increases	-	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129	Increases - 1,035,329	- (4,919,129)	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893 1,035,329	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893	Increases	-	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129	Increases - 1,035,329	- (4,919,129)	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893 1,035,329	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129 5,207,022 6,530,994	1,035,329 1,035,329 68,884	(4,919,129) (4,919,129) 285,056	\$ 287,893 1,035,329 1,323,222 6,884,934	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129 5,207,022 6,530,994 1,687,647	1,035,329 1,035,329 68,884 359,262	(4,919,129) (4,919,129) 285,056 65,338	\$ 287,893 1,035,329 1,323,222 6,884,934 2,112,247	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129 5,207,022 6,530,994 1,687,647 12,363,741 20,582,382 (4,875,721) (1,362,318)	1,035,329 1,035,329 68,884 359,262 17,490 445,636 (203,960) (68,578)	(4,919,129) (4,919,129) 285,056 65,338 4,568,735 4,919,129 (106,238) (40,868)	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129 5,207,022 6,530,994 1,687,647 12,363,741 20,582,382 (4,875,721) (1,362,318) (6,761,475)	1,035,329 1,035,329 68,884 359,262 17,490 445,636 (203,960) (68,578) (437,606)	(4,919,129) (4,919,129) 285,056 65,338 4,568,735 4,919,129 (106,238)	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements	Balance July 1, 2016 \$ 287,893 4,919,129 5,207,022 6,530,994 1,687,647 12,363,741 20,582,382 (4,875,721) (1,362,318)	1,035,329 1,035,329 68,884 359,262 17,490 445,636 (203,960) (68,578)	(4,919,129) (4,919,129) 285,056 65,338 4,568,735 4,919,129 (106,238) (40,868)	June 30, 2017 \$ 287,893	

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 148,296
Public safety	97,953
Public works and streets	143,365
Parks and recreation	44,516
Sanitation	14,240
Welfare	8,908
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 457,278
Tomi go vermientar activities depreciation empense	Ψ 127,270
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 444,311
Sewer	265,833
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 710,144

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the City's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2017.

	J·	Balance uly 1, 2016	 Additions	Re	eductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017	ie within 1 year
Governmental activities:								
Compensated absences	\$	405,706	\$ -	\$	(199,735)	\$	205,971	\$ 154,478
OPEB liability		34,689	-		(8,072)		26,617	9,600
Capital leases		43,545	162,572		(24,850)		181,267	46,545
Net pension liability		14,332,252	 1,318,501				15,650,753	 -
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	14,816,192	\$ 1,481,073	\$	(232,657)	\$	16,064,608	\$ 210,623
Business-type activities:								
Compensated absences	\$	123,135	\$ -	\$	(68,008)	\$	55,127	\$ 41,345
Capital leases		-	305,524		(48,406)		257,118	38,628
Loans payable		7,364,549	1,241,992		(3,294,750)		5,311,791	303,695
Net pension liability		1,017,471	 58,566				1,076,037	 -
Business-type activities							_	
long-term liabilities	\$	8,505,155	\$ 1,606,082	\$	(3,411,164)	\$	6,700,073	\$ 383,668

Loans payable— The City's loans payable consisted of the following:

	Business-
	type Activities
	Water Fund
Note payable to Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona with interest at 2.333% and due January 1st and July 1st of each year beginning January 1, 2015, with final payment due July 1, 2034.	\$ 3,194,951
2034.	\$ 3,194,931
Note payable to Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona with interest at 3.405% and due January 1st and July 1st of each year beginning January 1, 2006, with final payment due July 1,	
2029.	2,116,840
	\$ 5,311,791

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the City's loans payable at June 30, 2017.

Year									
Ending		Loans Payable							
June 30	P	Principal	Interest						
2018	\$	303,695	\$	153,196					
2019		312,919		143,684					
2020		322,430		133,875					
2021		332,239		123,760					
2022		342,355		113,328					
2023-27		1,874,944		398,355					
2028-32		1,552,717		115,701					
2033-37		270,492		7,115					
Total	\$	5,311,791	\$	1,189,014					

Capital leases—The City has acquired vehicles and equipment under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease for accounting purposes because it provides for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		
Vehicles Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$	162,572 59,595 (21,705)	\$	113,624 191,901 (29,915)	
Carrying value	\$	200,462	\$	275,610	

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the City's capital leases payable at June 30, 2017:

Year Ending	Governmental		Business-type	
June 30	A	ctivities	A	ctivities
2018	\$	54,950	\$	48,407
2019		45,387		48,407
2020		45,387		48,407
2021		45,388		48,408
2022		9,608		23,435
2023-2024		-		76,233
Total minimum lease payments		200,720		293,297
Less amount representing interest		(19,453)		(36,179)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$	181,267	\$	257,118

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved with various matters of litigation from year to year. It is the opinion of City officials that these cases will either be handled by the City's insurance coverage or that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances – During the course of normal operations, the City's General Fund has loaned the Active Adult Center Fund (non-major fund) \$86,194 and the Library Fund (non-major fund) \$40,606 to fund ongoing operations. Balances are not expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2017, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		
Net pension liabilities	\$	15,650,753	\$	1,076,037	\$	16,726,790	
Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		4,981,655 1,325,257		197,956 205,637		5,179,611 1,530,894	
Pension expense		1,820,166		5,763		1,825,929	

The City reported \$2,439,135 of pension expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Retirement						
	Initial members hip date:						
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011					
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age						
required to receive benefit	equals 80	30 years age 55					
	10 years age 62	25 years age 60					
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62					
	any years age 65	5 years age 50*					
		any years age 65					
Final average salary is based	Highest 36 months of	Highest 60 months of					
on	last 120 months	last 120 months					
Benefit percent per year of	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%					

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2017, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.48 percent (11.34 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.48 percent (10.78 percent for retirement, 0.56 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. The City's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2017,

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

were \$237,341. The City's contributions for the current and two preceding years for OPEB, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

ASRS	Heal	th Benefit	Long-term Disability		
	Supple	ement Fund	Fund		
Year ended June 30,	_	_			
2017	\$	12,346	\$	3,086	
2016		9,904		2,377	
2015		12,244		2,490	

During fiscal year 2017, the City paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 50.47 percent from the General Fund, 10.78 percent from the HURF Fund, 4.25 percent from the Library Fund, 2.98 percent from the Active Adult Center Fund, 19.77 percent from the Water Fund, and 11.75 percent from the Sewer Fund.

Pension Liability – At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability of \$3,413,822 for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016, reflects a change in actuarial assumption for a decrease in loads for future potential permanent benefit increases.

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's proportion measured as of June 30, 2016, was .021150 percent, which was a decrease of .001380 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense for ASRS of \$18,284. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS		Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows of esources
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	20,746	\$	234,846
Changes of assumptions or other				
inputs		-		180,618
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		369,945		-
Changes in proportion and				
differences between City				
contributions and proportionate				
share of contributions				
		-		236,939
City contributions subsequent to				
the measurement date		237,341		
Total	\$	628,032	\$	652,403
101111	Ψ	020,032	<u> </u>	032,103

The \$237,341 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2018	\$ (299,830)
2019	(202,144)
2020	136,529
2021	103,731
2022	-
Thereafter	-

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	8%
Projected salary increases	3 - 6.75%
Inflation	3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	1994 GAM Scale BB

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS pension plan investments was determined to be 8.75 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Long-term Arithmetic

ASRS

		Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return
Equity	58%	6.73%
Fixed income	25%	3.70%
Realestate	10%	4.25%
Multi-asset class	5%	3.41%
Commodities	2%	3.84%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension liability was 8 percent, which is less than the long-term expected rate of return of 8.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (9 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS

	1%	% Decrease (7%)	Curren	t Discount Rate (8%)	1% Increase (9%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	4,352,883	\$	3,413,822	\$ 2,660,901

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan Description – Elected officials participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. This plan was closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits provided – The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

EORP	Initial members hip date:			
	Before January 1,	On or after January 1,		
	2012	2012		
Retirement and Disability Years of service and age				
required to receive benefit	20 years, any age 10 years, age 62			
	5 years, age 65	10 years, age 62		
	5 years, and age*	5 years, age 65		
	any years and age if disabled	any years and age if disabled		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years	Highest 60 months of last 120 months		
Benefit percent				
Normal Retirement	4% per year of service, not to exceed 80%	3% per year of service, not to exceed 75%		
Disability Retirement	80% with 10 or more years of service 40% with 5 to 10 years of service 20% with less than 5	75% with 10 or more years of service 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service 18.75% with less than 5		
	years of service	years of service		
Survivor Benefit	55 0/ 0 1	5 00/ 0 1 1		
Retired Members	75% of retired	50% of retired		
	member's benefit	member's benefit		
Active Members and Other	75% of disability	50% of disability		
Inactive Members	retirement benefit	retirement benefit		

^{*}With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Contributions – State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2017, statute required active EORP members with an initial membership date after July 19, 2011, to contribute 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the City to contribute 23.5 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the City to contribute 17.50 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials who were EODCRS members, in addition to the City's required contributions to EODCRS for these elected officials. The City's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2017, were \$5,229. No OPEB contributions were required or made for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2016, and 2017.

During fiscal year 2017, the City paid 100 percent of EORP pension contributions from the General Fund.

Pension liability – At June 30, 2017, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the City's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the City recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	\$ 324,824
State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability	
associated with the City	 67,068
Total	\$ 391,892

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2016, reflects a decrease in the investment rate of return actuarial assumption from 7.85 percent to 7.50 percent.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016. The City's proportion measured as of June 30, 2016, was 0.034382 percent, which was an increase of 0.003552 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

The collective net pension liability measured as of June 30, 2017, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a result of these changes is not known.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources – For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense for EORP of \$82,466, and revenue of \$14,947 for the City's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

EORP		Outflows of urces	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	-	\$	6,108
Changes of assumptions or				
other inputs		9,525		-
Net difference between				
projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		36,470		-
Changes in proportion and				
differences between City				
contributions and				
proportionate share of				
contributions		13,403		8,113
City contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		5,229		
Total	¢	64.627	¢	14 221
Total	D	64,627	D	14,221

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The \$5,229 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2018	\$ 29,019
2019	11,915
2020	2,734
2021	1,507
2022	_
Thereafter	_

Actuarial assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.50%
Projected salary increases	4.25%
Inflation	4.00%
Permanent benefit increase	Included
Mortality rates	RP-2000 mortality table
	projected to 2025 with
	projection scale AA

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP pension plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

EORP

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.75%
Absolute return	5%	4.11%
Risk parity	4%	5.13%
Fixed Income	7%	2.92%
Realassets	8%	4.77%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Private Equity	11%	9.50%
Real estate	10%	4.48%
Credit opportunities	13%	7.08%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.25%
U.S. equity	16%	6.23%
Total	100%	

Discount rate – At June 30, 2016, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability was 3.68 percent, which was a decrease of 1.18 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the statutorily set rates, and state contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, to determine the total pension liability for the plan, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50 percent was applied to periods of projected benefit payments through the year ended June 30, 2027. A municipal bond rate of 2.85 percent obtained from the 20-year Bond Buyer Index, as published by the Federal Reserve as of June 30, 2016, was applied to periods of projected benefit payments after June 30, 2027.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.68 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.86 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.86 percent) than the current rate:

-	-	-
ĽU	ĸ	ľ

	1% Decrease (2.86%)		Current Discount Rate (3.86%)		1% Increase (4.86%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 378,111	\$	324,824	\$	280,342	

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

EODCRS plan – Elected officials that are not members of EORP or ASRS participate in the EODCRS and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System Disability Program (EODCDP). The EODCRS is a defined contribution pension plan. The EODCDP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit disability (OPEB) plan for EODCRS members. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EODCRS and EODCDP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3.1 and 3.2. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by state statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, active EODCRS members were required by statute to contribute 8 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City was required by statute to contribute 6 percent of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the City's contributions to the individual employee account and the earnings on those contributions. In addition, statute required active EODCRS members and the City to each contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 0.125 percent of the members' annual covered payroll to the EODCDP plan. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$462. The City's OPEB contributions for the current and 2 preceding years, all of which were equal to the required contributions, were as follows:

EODCDP	Disabi	lity Fund
Year ended June 30,		
2017	\$	10
2016		-
2015		_

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

C. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – City police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A seven-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS

	Initial members hip date:				
		On or after January 1,			
	Before January 1, 2012	2012			
Retirement and Disability					
Years of service and age					
required to receive benefit	20 years, any age 15 years, age 62	25 years, age 52.5			
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 20 years	Highest 60 months of last 20 years			
Benefit percent					
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%			
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement	ent, whichever is greater			
Catastrophic Disability Retirement Ordinary Disability Retirement	62.5% or normal retirem Normal retirement calcu credited service or 20 y whichever is greater, mul	ths then reduced to either nent, whichever is greater lated with actual years of years of credited service, tiplied by years of credited 20 years) divided by 20			
Survivor Benefit					
Retired Members Active Members	80% to 100% of accide benefit or 100% of averag	member's pension benefit ental disability retirement se monthly compensation if uries received on the job			

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2017, the following employees were covered by the agent pension plans' benefit terms:

_	PSPRS Police	PSPRS Fire
Inactive employees or		
beneficiaries currently receiving		
benefits	15	14
Inactive employees entitled to		
but not yet receiving benefits	7	1
Active employees	17	14
Total	39	29

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2017, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS Police	PSPRS Fire
Active Members - Pension City	11.65%	11.65%
Pension Health insurance premium	57.07% 0.00%	51.05% 0.00%
P101110111	2.2070	2.30,0

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

For the agent plans, the City's contributions to the pension plan and annual OPEB cost and contributions for the health insurance premium benefit for the year ended June 30, 2017, were:

Pension	PS]	PRS Police	PSPRS Fire		
Contributions Made	\$	1,247,498	\$	890,023	
Health Insurance Premium Benefit					
Annual OPEB cost		18,950		13,380	
Contributions made		18,950		13,380	

During fiscal year 2017, the City paid for 100 percent of PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

Net Pension Liability (Asset) – At June 30, 2017, the City reported the following net pension liability:

	Net Pe	ension Liability
		(Asset)
PSPRS Police	\$	7,148,227
PSPRS Fire		5,839,917

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total pension liabilities as of June 30, 2016, reflect the following changes of benefit terms and actuarial assumptions.

- In May 2016 voters approved Proposition 124 that authorized certain statutory adjustments to PSPRS' automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The statutory adjustments changed the basis for cost-of-living adjustments from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent.
- Laws 2016, Chapter 2, changed the benefit formula and contribution requirements for members hired on or after July 1, 2017.
- The investment rate of return actuarial assumption was decreased from 7.85 percent to 7.50 percent for PSPRS plans.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The net pension liabilities measured as of June 30, 2017, will reflect changes of actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016. The change in the City's net pension liabilities as a result of these changes is not known.

Pension Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

June 30, 2016
Entry age normal
7.50%
4.0%-8.0%
4.0%
Included
RP-2000 mortality table
(adjusted by 105% for
both males and females)

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS pension plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.75%
Absolute return	5%	4.11%
Risk parity	4%	5.13%
Fixed Income	7%	2.92%
Real assets	8%	4.77%
GTAA	10%	4.38%
Private Equity	11%	9.50%
Real estate	10%	4.48%
Credit opportunities	13%	7.08%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.25%
U.S. equity	16%	6.23%
Total	100%	

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Pension Discount Rates – At June 30, 2016, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension liabilities was 7.50 percent, which was a decrease of 0.35 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2015. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

PSPRS-Police	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total P	ension Liability	Plan I	Plan Fiduciary Net		sion Liability	
	(Asset) (a)	Po	osition (b)	(Asset) (a) - (b)		
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	10,413,675	\$	3,695,901	\$	6,717,774	
Changes for the year							
Service Cost		174,994		-		174,994	
Interest on the total pension							
liability		801,630		-		801,630	
Changes of benefit terms		(16,247)		-		(16,247)	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience in the							
measurement of the pension							
liability		(309,546)		-		(309,546)	
Changes of assumptions or							
other inputs		394,703		-		394,703	
Contributions-employer		-		533,254		(533,254)	
Contributions-employee		-		122,776		(122,776)	
Net investment income		-		21,771		(21,771)	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee		(578,648)		(578,648)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(3,533)		3,533	
Other changes		-		(59,187)		59,187	
Net changes		466,886		36,433		430,453	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	10,880,561	\$	3,732,334	\$	7,148,227	

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

PSPRS-Fire	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Po	ension Liability	Plan	Fiduciary Net	Net Per	sion Liability	
	(A	Asset) (a)	P	Position (b)		(Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2016	\$	8,342,823	\$	3,461,292	\$	4,881,531	
Changes for the year							
Service Cost		150,264		-		150,264	
Interest on the total pension							
liability		633,583		-		633,583	
Changes of benefit terms		223,209		-		223,209	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience in the							
measurement of the pension							
liability		149,036		-		149,036	
Changes of assumptions or							
other inputs		320,233		-		320,233	
Contributions-employer		-		402,007		(402,007)	
Contributions-employee		-		109,165		(109,165)	
Net investment income		-		19,895		(19,895)	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee		(693,666)		(693,666)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(3,263)		3,263	
Other changes				(9,865)		9,865	
Net changes		782,659		(175,727)		958,386	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$	9,125,482	\$	3,285,565	\$	5,839,917	

Sensitivity of the City's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's net pension liabilities (assets) calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease		Current Discount Rate		1% Increase	
PSPRS Police							
Rate		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
Net pension liability PSPRS Fire	\$	8,471,210	\$	7,148,227	\$	6,054,293	
Rate		6.50%		7.50%		8.50%	
Net pension liability	\$	6,956,370	\$	5,839,917	\$	4,911,551	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Pension Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized the following pension expense:

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

	Pensi	on Expense
PSPRS Police	\$	928,803
PSPRS Fire		796,376

Pension Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS-Police	 red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$ 222,722	\$	402,881	
Changes of assumptions or				
other inputs	776,261		-	
Net difference between				
projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	304,301		73,470	
City contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date	1,247,498			
Total	\$ 2,550,782	\$	476,351	

PSPRS-Fire		rred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	138,106	\$	317,834	
Changes of assumptions or	Ψ	,	Ψ	317,031	
other inputs Net difference between		625,783		-	
projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments City contributions subsequent		282,258		70,085	
to the measurement date		890,023		-	
Total	\$	1,936,170	\$	387,919	

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	PSP	RS Police	PSPRS Fire		
Year ended June 30,					
2018	\$	319,186	\$	149,390	
2019		282,769		149,389	
2020		159,748		179,027	
2021		65,230		136,578	
2022		-		43,844	
Thereafter		-		-	

Agent Plan OPEB Actuarial Assumptions – The health insurance premium benefit contribution requirements for the year ended June 30, 2017, were established by the June 30, 2015, actuarial valuations, and those actuarial valuations were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts' value and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the plans' funded status and the annual required contributions are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The required schedule of funding progress for the health insurance premium benefit presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plans' assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Projections of benefits are based on (1) the plans as understood by the City and plans' members and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date, and (2) the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the City and plans' members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the fiscal year 2017 contribution requirements are as follows:

PSPRS - OPEB Contribution Requirements

1 SI KS OI EB Contribution Requirements	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	
	Level percent closed for
	unfunded actuarial accrued
	liability, open for excess
Remaining amortization period	21 years for unfunded
•	actuarial accrued liability,
	20 years for excess
Asset valuation method	7-year smoothed market
	value; 80%/120% market
	corridor
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.85%
Projected salary increases	4.0%-8.0%
Wage growth	4.0%

Agent Plan OPEB Trend Information – Annual OPEB cost information for the health insurance premium benefit for the current and two preceding years:

	Percentage of Annual						
Year ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost		Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation			
PSPRS Police							
2017	\$	18,950	100%	\$	-		
2016		5,615	100%		-		
2015		21,567	100%		-		
PSPRS Fire							
2017	\$	13,380	100%	\$	-		
2016		12,830	100%		-		
2015		20,460	100%		_		

NOTE 9 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Agent Plan OPEB Funded Status – The health insurance premium benefit plans' funded status as of the most recent valuation date, June 30, 2017, along with the actuarial assumptions and methods used in those valuations follow.

]	PSPRS Police	PSPRS Fire		
Actuarial value of assets (a)	\$	285,039	\$	192,370	
Actuarial accrued liability (b)	\$	298,117	\$	236,557	
Unfunded actuarial accrued					
liability (funding excess) (b) - (a)	\$	13,078	\$	44,187	
Funded ratio (a)/(b)		95.61%		81.32%	
Annual covered payroll (c)	\$	701,459	\$	811,764	
Unfunded actuarial accrued					
liability (funding excess) as a					
percentage of covered payroll		1.86%		5.44%	

The actuarial methods and assumptions for the most recent valuation date are as follows:

PSPRS - OPEB Funded Status

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent closed for
	unfunded actuarial accrued
	liability, open for excess
Remaining amortization period	19 years for unfunded
	actuarial accrued liability,
	20 years for excess
Asset valuation method	7-year smoothed market
	value; 80%/120% market
	corridor
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.40%
Projected salary increases	3.50%-7.50%
Wage growth	3.50%

NOTE 10 - OPEB LIABILITY

On April 21, 2008, the City adopted a healthcare reimbursement plan for all retired employees from the City of Globe. The City agreed to reimburse employees up to \$400 each month for healthcare until they reached the age of 65. In August 2011, the City closed the plan to new entrants and all participants must have retired prior to December 31, 2011 to be eligible for the benefit. As of June 30, 2017, only two participants remain in the plan. As of June 30, 2017, the estimated accrued liability is \$26,617.

NOTE 11 – PSPRS HALL-PARKER LIABILITY

In 2011, legislators passed Senate Bill 1609, which contained several provisions meant to shore up the plans administered by PSPRS. One of those provisions was a gradual increase in member contribution rates from 7% to 11% in the elected officials' plan (EORP) and from 7.65% to 11.65% in the public safety plan (PSPRS). In August 2011, those provisions were challenged via two separate, but parallel, lawsuits—Hall for EORP and Parker for PSPRS. In November 2016, the Supreme Court upheld the lower court decision in Hall that ruled those increased member contribution rates were unconstitutional. These two lawsuits have been adjudicated separately where the Parker case was stayed (put on hold) pending the final outcome of Hall. Nevertheless, the facts and circumstances are essentially the same where both parties to Parker agreed, at the time of stay, to appropriately apply the remedies of Hall when finalized.

PSPRS and EORP members who became members of the system prior to July 20, 2011 and who paid employee contributions that exceeded 7.65% are eligible to receive a refund of those excess contributions unless they terminated and already received a refund. PSPRS has prepared a list of affected members for each employer, along with the amount of excess contributions that must be returned to them. The City has estimated that the total amount of refunds due to employees (including applicable interest) will be \$262,121.

NOTE 12 – COMMITTED FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

In conjunction with an increase in its sanitation fees during 1991-92, the City provided that \$1 per month per customer be reserved for a recycling program for the City. This monthly allocation of sanitation fees was terminated in May, 1994, but prior funds set aside for the program remain committed for recycling purposes (\$23,017).

NOTE 12 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION - Continued

In November 1995, the City increased its cemetery lot fees, and designated \$50 of each \$100 lot fee received be set apart "for improvements and maintenance of current cemetery facilities or the acquisition and/or development of other property for cemetery purposes."

	General Fund
Allocation of revenue for 16-17	\$ 8,000
Expenditures	
Increase in committed fund balance	8,000
Committed fund balance, July 1, 2016	70,987
Committed fund balance, June 30, 2017	\$ 78,987

In conjunction with an increase in its water fees during 1992-93, the City provided that \$1 per month per customer be reserved for expenditures necessary to "secure a future water supply" or "water exploration"

	Water Fund	
Allocation of revenue for 16-17	\$	65,582
Expenditures		
Increase in committed net position		65,582
Committed net position, July 1, 2016	-	857,137
Committed net position, June 30, 2017	\$	922,719

NOTE 13 – LEGAL AND CONTINGENCIES

Pollution Remediation

The City is party to an environmental pollution remediation project involving land where underground gasoline storage tanks caused groundwater pollution. For the year ended June 30, 2017, no testing and engineering costs had been incurred.

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for a reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

NOTE 13 - LEGAL AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The City is a member of the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool ("Pool"). The Pool was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of self-funding for the Pool's membership, obtain lower costs for property and liability insurance coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The City pays an annual premium to the Pool for its coverage. The City's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies reinsurance contracts, individual stop loss coverage for member local governments. Insurance settlements for the City did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Pool is financially solvent as of June 30, 2017. However, if the Pool should become insolvent, the City may be assessed an "additional premium" not to exceed the City's annual premium for the year.

NOTE 14 – RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

In a prior period, the City had accrued sick leave time as a liability in the Governmental Activities, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund (Business-type Activities). Sick leave time is only paid out to employees upon retirement at 25% of the total time accrued. Due to the substantial amount of estimation and low probability of potential payout, sick leave time has been removed as a liability of the Governmental Activities in the amount of \$190,662, from the Water Fund in the amount of \$32,406, and the Sewer Fund in the amount of \$7,639. The beginning net position has been increased respectively in the Governmental Activities, Business-type Activities, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund.

In a prior period, the City had over accrued accounts payable in the General and Water Funds in the amounts of \$64,098 and \$79,368, respectively. The corresponding fund balance and net position of the General Fund, Water Fund, Governmental Activities, and the Business-type Activities have been increased accordingly.

In the prior year, the City did not accrue/recognize city sales tax revenue of \$87,526. The beginning fund balance of the General Fund and the beginning net position of the Governmental Activities have been increased accordingly.

In the prior year, the City recognized too much accrued interest of \$101,382 on its WIFA debt. In addition, the City recognized a WIFA principal payment of \$192,905 in error. The total restatement of beginning net position is a decrease of \$101,382.

NOTE 14 – RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION – Continued

It was found that at the beginning of the fiscal year, the City had a deposit amount on hand with its health insurance provider in the amount of \$724,433 that was not recognized previously. The effect of the deposit is an increase of \$724,433 to the beginning fund balance of the General Fund as well as an increase in the beginning net position of the Governmental Activities.

	Activities	Business-type Activities		General Fund		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	
Fund balance/net position as of July 1, 2017	\$ (3,693,740)	\$ 9,196,716	\$	4,633,816	\$	5,006,231	\$	4,190,485	
Sick leave	190,662	40,045		-		32,406		7,639	
Accounts payable	64,098	79,368		64,098		79,368		_	
City sales tax revenue	87,526	_		87,526		-		-	
Accrued interest	_	(101,382)		_		(101,382)		-	
Health insurance deposit	 724,433	 <u> </u>		724,433		<u> </u>			
Fund balance/net position as of July 1, 2017, restated	\$ (2,627,021)	\$ 9,214,747	\$	5,509,873	\$	5,016,623	\$	4,198,124	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,830,010	\$ 4,830,010	\$ 4,825,963	\$ (4,047)
Intergovernmental	2,068,559	2,068,559	2,047,605	(20,954)
Charges for services	991,725	991,725	930,758	(60,967)
Licenses, permits and fees	867,600	867,600	557,677	(309,923)
Franchise fees	200,000	200,000	231,803	31,803
Other revenue	49,000	49,000	116,060	67,060
Fines and forfietures	141,000	141,000	178,567	37,567
Interest			32,561	32,561
Total revenues	9,147,894	9,147,894	8,920,994	(226,900)
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	4,534,397	4,534,397	1,456,785	3,077,612
Public safety	6,422,521	6,422,521	5,924,441	498,080
Public works and streets	1,112,887	1,112,887	1,023,542	89,345
Parks and recreation	192,661	192,661	185,855	6,806
Sanitation	601,712	601,712	601,712	-
Debt Service				
Principal	24,850	24,850	24,850	-
Interest	1,367	1,367	1,367	-
Capital outlay	492,714	492,714	492,714	
Total expenditures	13,383,109	13,383,109	9,711,266	3,671,843
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(4,235,215)	(4,235,215)	(790,272)	3,444,943
Other financing sources (uses)				
Capital lease agreement			162,572	162,572
Net change in fund balances	(4,235,215)	(4,235,215)	(627,700)	3,607,515
Fund balances, beginning of year, restated	5,509,873	5,509,873	5,509,873	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,274,658	\$ 1,274,658	\$ 4,882,173	\$ 3,607,515

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Transportation Excise Tax Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
	Original			Final	Amounts		Final Budget		
Revenues		_							
Intergovernmental	\$	465,057	\$	465,057	\$	437,193	\$	(27,864)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public works and streets		170,951		170,951		_		170,951	
Capital outlay		515,049		515,049		515,049		-	
Total expenditures		686,000		686,000		515,049		170,951	
Net change in fund balances		(220,943)		(220,943)		(77,856)		143,087	
Fund balances, beginning of year		314,127		314,127		314,127			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	93,184	\$	93,184	\$	236,271	\$	143,087	

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the City to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The City Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the City Council's approval. With the exception of the general fund, each fund includes only one department.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2017, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the Administration and Sanitation departments.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2017

Arizona State Retirement System

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)					
	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2006		
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.021150%	0.022530%	0.022481%	Information		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,413,822	\$ 3,509,498	\$ 3,511,274	not available		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,980,756	\$ 2,075,216	\$ 2,139,121			
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	172.35%	169.11%	164.15%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%			

Elected Officials Retirement Plan

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)							
	2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)			2015 (2014)	2014 through 2006	
City's proportion of the net pension liability	(0.034382%		0.030830%	(0.038340%	Information	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	324,824	\$	240,920	\$	257,089	not available	
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability								
associated with the City		67,068		75,109		78,826		
Total	\$	391,892	\$	316,029	\$	335,915		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	21,100	\$	33,054	\$	27,600		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		1539.45%		728.87%		931.48%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		23.42%		28.32%		31.91%		

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans – PSPRS Police June 30, 2017

	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2007
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 174,994 801,630 (16,247) (309,546) 394,703	\$ 171,814 743,307 - 387,628	\$ 202,049 635,715 264,241 (429,362) 1,250,618	Information not available
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning Total pension liability - ending (a)	(578,648) 466,886 10,413,675 \$ 10,880,561	(544,101) 758,648 9,655,027 \$ 10,413,675	(530,972) 1,392,289 8,262,738 \$ 9,655,027	
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	\$ 533,254 122,776 21,771	\$ 349,032 120,405 132,063	\$ 282,220 108,788 445,624	
contributions Administrative expense Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(578,648) (3,533) (59,187) 36,433	(544,101) (3,595) 55,462 109,266	(530,972) - (251,795) 53,865	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	3,695,901 \$ 3,732,334 \$ 7,148,227	3,586,635 \$ 3,695,901 \$ 6,717,774	3,532,770 \$ 3,586,635 \$ 6,068,392	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	34.30%	35.49%	37.15%	
Covered-employee payroll City's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of	\$ 946,935	\$ 942,820	\$ 910,118	
City's net pension hability (asset) as a percentage of	754 990/	712 520/	666 770/	

754.88%

712.52%

666.77%

covered-employee payroll

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans – PSPRS Fire June 30, 2017

	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)	2014 through 2007	
Total pension liability	4.50.064	4.76.604	45045 6	Information	
Service cost	\$ 150,264	\$ 156,604	\$ 170,156	not available	
Interest on the total pension liability	633,583	614,602	568,739		
Changes of benefit terms	223,209	-	157,833		
Differences between expected and actual experience	1.40.026	25.042	(652.150)		
in the measurement of the pension liability	149,036	25,042	(673,178)		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	320,233	-	770,143		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	(602,666	(400,000)	(207.477)		
contributions	(693,666)		(396,467)		
Net change in total pension liability	782,659	387,359	597,226		
Total pension liability - beginning	8,342,823	7,955,464	7,358,238		
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 9,125,482	\$ 8,342,823	\$ 7,955,464		
Plan fiduciary net position					
Contributions - employer	\$ 402,007	\$ 308,280	\$ 302,193		
Contributions - employee	109,165	94,304	90,601		
Net investment income	19,895	125,014	425,082		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee	. ,	- ,-	- ,		
contributions	(693,666)	(408,889)	(396,467)		
Administrative expense	(3,263)	, , ,	-		
Other changes	(9,865)	, ,	(130,977)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(175,727)		290,432		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	3,461,292	3,540,824	3,250,392		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 3,285,565	\$ 3,461,292	\$ 3,540,824		
City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 5,839,917	\$ 4,881,531	\$ 4,414,640		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	36.00%	41.49%	44.51%		
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 810,047	\$ 803,920	\$ 823,923		
City's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of	72 0 0 40 4	(O T 22 0)	727 0407		

720.94%

607.22%

535.81%

covered-employee payroll

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension Contributions June 30, 2017

Arizona State Retirement System

City's contributions as a percentage of covered-

employee payroll

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2006
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 237,341	\$ 214,912	\$ 225,991	\$ 228,886	Information
City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(237,341)	(214,912)	(225,991)	(228,886)	not available
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,201,679	\$ 1,980,756	\$ 2,075,216	\$ 2,139,121	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	10.78%	10.85%	10.89%	10.70%	
employee payton	10.7070	10.0270	10.0570	10.7070	
PSPRS-Police					
		Re	eporting Fiscal Y	ear	
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013 through 2006
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 521,152	\$ 533,254	\$ 349,032	\$ 282,220	Information
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially	(4.2.45.400)	(500.054)	(2.40.022)	(202.220)	not available
determined contribution	(1,247,498)	(533,254)	(349,032)	(282,220)	
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (726,346)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 913,181	\$ 946,935	\$ 942,820	\$ 910,118	

136.61%

56.31%

37.02%

31.01%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension Contributions June 30, 2017

PSPRS-Fire

employee payroll

	Reporting Fiscal Year								
		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2006
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	406,539	\$	402,007	\$	308,280	\$	302,193	Information
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially		(000 000)		/ * 0 0 = 0 0 = 0		(****		(202.402)	not available
determined contribution		(890,023)		(402,007)		(308,280)		(302,193)	
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(483,484)	\$		\$	-	\$		
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	796,354	\$	810,047	\$	803,920	\$	823,923	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered-									
employee payroll		111.76%		49.63%		38.35%		36.68%	
Elected Officials Retirement Plan									
				Re	porti	ng Fiscal Y	ear		
		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2006
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	5,229	\$	6,486	\$	6,486	\$	8,169	Information not available
required contribution		(5,229)		(6,486)		(6,486)		(8,169)	not available
City's contribution deficiency (excess)		(3,227)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
City's covered-employee payroll	\$	21,100	\$	33,054	\$	27,600	\$	34,762	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered-	Ψ	21,100	Ψ	55,054	Ψ	27,000	Ψ	57,702	
City a continuations as a percentage of covered-									

24.78%

19.62%

23.50%

23.50%

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension Plan Schedules June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method	Entry age normal Level percent closed for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, open for excess
Remaining amortization period as of the 2015 actuarial	
valuation	21 years for unfunded actuarial accrued liability, 20 years for excess
Asset valuation method	7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	In 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from
	8.0% to 7.85%
Projected salary increases	In 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from
	4.5% - 8.5% to 4.0% - 8.0%. In 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary
	increases were decreased from 5.0% - 9.0% to 4.5% - 8.5% .
Wage growth	In 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0%.
	In 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility
	condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience
	study of the period July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.
Mortality	RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2017

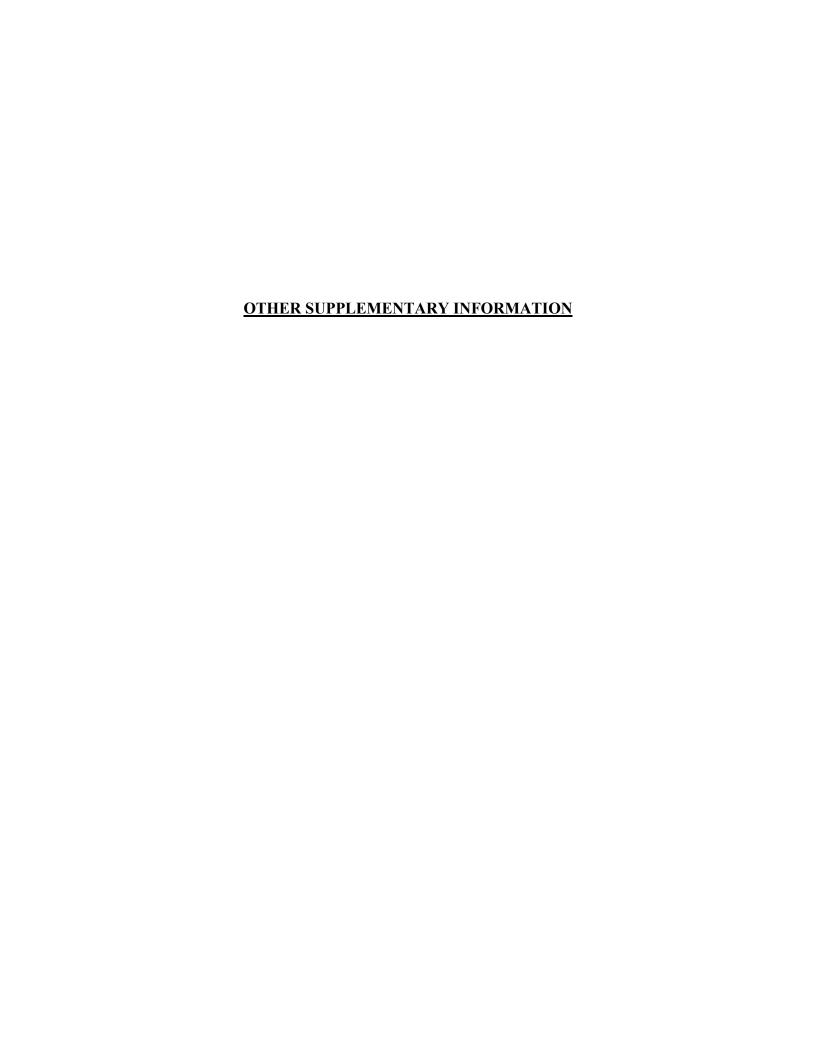
Health Insurance Premium Benefit - PSPRS Police

										Unfunded
		ctuarial								Liability as
	1	/alue of	A	ctuarial		unding			Annual	Percentage of
Actuarial		Plan	A	ccrued	L	iability	Funded	(Covered	Covered
Valuation	1	Assets	I	iability	(F	Excess)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
Date		(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)		(c)	([a-b]/c)
06/30/17	\$	285,039	\$	298,117	\$	13,078	95.6 %	\$	701,459	1.86 %
06/30/16		280,598		293,613		13,015	95.6		946,935	1.37
06/30/15		277,170		299,796		22,626	92.5		942,820	2.40
Health Insura	nce Pi	remium Be	nefit -	- PSPRS Fi	ire					Unfunded
Health Insura		r emium Be .ctuarial	nefit -	- PSPRS Fi	ire					Unfunded Liability as
Health Insura	A			- PSPRS Fi		unding			Annual	
Health Insura Actuarial	A	ctuarial	A		F	unding iability	Funded		Annual Covered	Liability as
	A	ctuarial /alue of	A A	ctuarial	F L	_	Funded Ratio	(Liability as Percentage of
Actuarial	A	ctuarial Value of Plan	A A	ctuarial	F L	iability		(Covered	Liability as Percentage of Covered
Actuarial Valuation Date	A V	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	A A L	ctuarial cccrued iability (b)	F L (I	iability Excess) (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)
Actuarial Valuation Date 06/30/17	A	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a) 192,370	A A	actuarial accrued ability (b)	F L	iability Excess) (b-a) 44,187	Ratio (a/b) 81.3 %		Covered Payroll (c) 811,764	Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c) 5.44 %
Actuarial Valuation Date	A V	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (a)	A A L	ctuarial cccrued iability (b)	F L (I	iability Excess) (b-a)	Ratio (a/b)		Covered Payroll (c)	Liability as Percentage of Covered Payroll ([a-b]/c)

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of Agent OPEB Plans' Funding Progress June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT THE IDENTIFICATION OF TRENDS

Beginning in fiscal year 2014, PSPRS established separate funds for pension benefits and health insurance premium benefits. Previously, the plan recorded both pension and health insurance premium contributions in the same Pension Fund. During fiscal year 2014, the plan transferred prior-year health insurance premium benefit contributions that exceeded benefit payments from the plan's Pension Fund to the new Health Insurance Fund.



CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule HURF Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
	Original			Final	A	mounts	Final Budget		
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	769,033	\$	769,033	\$	784,209	\$	15,176	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public works and streets		705,007		705,007		702,945		2,062	
Capital outlay		64,026		64,026		64,026			
Total expenditures		769,033		769,033		766,971		2,062	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		17,238		17,238	
Fund balances, beginning of year									
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$	17,238	\$	17,238	

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule **Grants Fund** Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	A	mounts	Fi	Final Budget	
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$	509,422	\$	(1,490,578)	
Expenditures									
Current									
Public safety		1,581,020		1,581,020		9,546		1,571,474	
Parks and recreation		25,103		25,103		25,103		-	
Capital outlay		393,877		393,877		393,877		-	
Total expenditures		2,000,000		2,000,000		428,526		1,571,474	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		80,896		80,896	
Fund balances, beginning of year									
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$	80,896	\$	80,896	

Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Active Adult Center Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with		
		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	135,612	\$	135,612	\$	100,849	\$	(34,763)
Other revenue		-		-		20,291		20,291
Total revenues	135,612		135,612		121,140		(14,47	
Expenditures Current								
Welfare		205,639		205,639		182,346		23,293
Net change in fund balances		(70,027)		(70,027)		(61,206)		8,821
Fund balances, beginning of year						<u>-</u>		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(70,027)	\$	(70,027)	\$	(61,206)	\$	8,821

Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Library Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
	Original Final		Amounts		Final Budget				
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	125,760	\$	125,760	\$	113,600	\$	(12,160)	
Other revenue						6,206		6,206	
Total revenues		125,760		125,760		119,806		(5,954)	
Expenditures Current									
Parks and recreation		185,877		185,877		164,484		21,393	
Net change in fund balances		(60,117)		(60,117)		(44,678)		15,439	
Fund balances, beginning of year				-				-	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(60,117)	\$	(60,117)	\$	(44,678)	\$	15,439	

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Water Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 3,957,013	\$ 3,957,013	\$ 2,268,292	\$ (1,688,721)	
Miscellaneous			81,711	81,711	
Total operating revenues	3,957,013	3,957,013	2,350,003	(1,607,010)	
Operating expenses					
Depreciation	-	-	444,311	(444,311)	
Salaries and wages	482,401	482,401	393,202	89,199	
Utilities	330,119	330,119	321,771	8,348	
Employee benefits	300,058	300,058	240,407	59,651	
Professional services	137,250	137,250	91,860	45,390	
Materials and supplies	81,400	81,400	60,508	20,892	
Repairs and maintenance	2,882,538	2,882,538	248,439	2,634,099	
Insurance	111,560	111,560	56,945	54,615	
Other	7,250	7,250	15,434	(8,184)	
Total operating expenses	4,332,576	4,332,576	1,872,877	2,459,699	
Operating income (loss)	(375,563)	(375,563)	477,126	(4,066,709)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest expense	(410,719)	(410,719)	(139,187)	271,532	
Income (loss) before contributions,					
gains, losses, and transfers	(786,282)	(786,282)	337,939	(3,795,177)	
Capital contribution			3,000,000	3,000,000	
Increase (decrease) in net position	(786,282)	(786,282)	3,337,939	(795,177)	
Total net position, beginning of year, restated	5,016,623	5,016,623	5,016,623		
Total net position, end of year	\$ 4,230,341	\$ 4,230,341	\$ 8,354,562	\$ (795,177)	

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule **Sewer Fund** Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with			
		Original		Final		Amounts		Final Budget		
Operating revenues										
Charges for services	\$	1,093,498	\$	1,093,498	\$	1,086,042	\$	(7,456)		
Miscellaneous						5,220		5,220		
Total operating revenues		1,093,498		1,093,498		1,091,262		(2,236)		
Operating expenses										
Depreciation		_		-		265,833		(265,833)		
Salaries and wages		194,610		194,610		249,711		(55,101)		
Utilities		125,000		125,000		85,828		39,172		
Employee benefits		122,364		122,364		159,109		(36,745)		
Professional services		115,000		115,000		111,110		3,890		
Materials and supplies		68,700		68,700		47,258		21,442		
Repairs and maintenance		254,000		254,000		79,001		174,999		
Insurance		31,992		31,992		18,377		13,615		
Other		39,250		39,250		39,507		(257)		
Total operating expenses		950,916		950,916		1,055,734		(104,818)		
Operating income (loss)		142,582		142,582		35,528		102,582		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)										
Interest expense		(105,738)		(105,738)				105,738		
Increase (decrease) in net position		36,844		36,844		35,528		208,320		
Total net position, beginning of year, restated	l	4,198,124		4,198,124		4,198,124				
Total net position, end of year	\$	4,234,968	\$	4,234,968	\$	4,233,652	\$	208,320		

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Other Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	HURF Grants Fund Fund		Active Adult Center Fund	Library Fund	Other Governmental Funds	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 39,799	\$ 43,157	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 82,956	
Due from other governments	71,572	37,739	29,238		138,549	
Total assets	111,371	80,896	29,238		221,505	
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	85,460	-	1,558	399	87,417	
Accrued expenses	8,673	-	2,692	3,673	15,038	
Due to other funds			86,194	40,606	126,800	
Total liabilities	94,133		90,444	44,678	229,255	
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Highways and streets	17,238	-	-	-	17,238	
Unassigned		80,896	(61,206)	(44,678)	(24,988)	
Total fund balances	17,238	80,896	(61,206)	(44,678)	(7,750)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	f					
resources, and fund balances	\$ 111,371	\$ 80,896	\$ 29,238	\$ -	\$ 221,505	

Other Supplementary Information Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Active		Other	
	HURF	Grants	Adult Center	Library	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 784,209	\$ 509,422	\$ 100,849	\$ 113,600	\$ 1,508,080	
Other revenue			20,291	6,206	26,497	
Total revenues	784,209	509,422	121,140	119,806	1,534,577	
Expenditures						
Current						
Public safety	-	9,546	-	-	9,546	
Public works and streets	702,945	-	-	-	702,945	
Parks and recreation	-	25,103	-	164,484	189,587	
Welfare	-	-	182,346	-	182,346	
Capital outlay	64,026	393,877	-	-	457,903	
Total expenditures	766,971	428,526	182,346	164,484	1,542,327	
Net change in fund balances	17,238	80,896	(61,206)	(44,678)	(7,750)	
Fund balances, beginning of year						
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 17,238	\$ 80,896	\$ (61,206)	\$ (44,678)	\$ (7,750)	



REPORTS AND SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS AND THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Globe, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Globe, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Globe, Arizona's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses. Findings reference 2016-001 and 2016-002.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Globe, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Globe, Arizona's Response to Findings

City of Globe, Arizona's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Globe, Arizona's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

May 31, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the City Council City of Globe, Arizona

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Globe, Arizona's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Globe, Arizona's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. City of Globe, Arizona's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City of Globe, Arizona's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Globe, Arizona's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Globe, Arizona's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the City of Globe, Arizona, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City of Globe, Arizona, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

May 31, 2018

Jolly & Fowell

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass through Grantor's Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Passed through Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona: Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster: Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds	66.468	920249-14	\$ 1,241,992	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Passed through Pinal-Gila Council for Senior Citizens: Aging Cluster:				
Special Programs for the Aging_Title III, Part B	93.044		6,386	
Special Programs for the Aging_Title III, Part C	93.045		51,423	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053		10,824	
Total Aging Cluster			68,633	
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		5,874	
Total U.S. Department Health and Human Services			74,507	
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Passed through AZ Governor's Office of Highway Safety: Highway Safety Cluster:				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2017-PT-023 V20	1,583	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2016-AL-011	838	
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	2016-PT-063	5,349	
National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	2017-405D-012	1,775	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			9,545	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed through Arizona Department of Housing: Community Development Block Grants/State's program and				
Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii	14.228	114-17	393,877	
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 1,719,921	

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the City of Globe, Arizona under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Globe, Arizona, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City of Globe, Arizona.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual/accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The City of Globe, Arizona has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued		Unmodifie	d	
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?	X	Yes		_No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes	X	_No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X	_No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major federal programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes	X	_No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:		Unmodifie	d	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes	X	_No
Identification of major federal programs: CFDA				
Number Name of Federal Program				
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster 66.468 Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:		\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	X	_No
Financial Statement Findings		Yes		
Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs		None		

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

2016-001 - General Ledger Maintenance and Reconciliation - (Material Weakness)

Criteria: To help ensure that internal and external financial reports are accurate, timely, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, general ledger accounts should be reconciled on a monthly basis and supporting schedules should be prepared and reconciled with these general ledger accounts.

Condition: During our audit we noted misstatements that were not identified by the City's finance department which required adjusting journal entries.

Cause and Effect: As a result of turnover in accounting personnel, and a reduced accounting staff, certain accounts had not been reconciled for year end.

Auditors' Recommendations: We recommend that management review all audit entries to help in identifying areas in the accounting system that required adjustment. The finance department should ensure that these areas are complete before each audit.

Management's Response: To improve the City's reconciliation processes, the City will:

- Evaluate and implement closing procedures that will establish clear timelines and deadlines for recording transactions and reconciliations to the general ledger and sub ledgers.
- Maintain monthly reconciliations in order to maintain accuracy and attention to detail.
- Review all audit entries to ensure that required adjustments are made before the next audit.

2016-002 - Segregation of Duties - (Material Weakness)

Criteria: To help ensure the accuracy of financial records and to help reduce the risk of misappropriation of assets, duties should be segregated whereby the individual with custody of assets should not be the same individual responsible for the record keeping and authorization of those assets.

Condition: The City does not have adequate policies and procedures in place to ensure that duties are segregated for the cash disbursements, payroll and cash receipts process. One individual is responsible for authorizing vendors, has access to blank check stock, the general ledger, and performs the bank reconciliation. Another individual is responsible for entering the payroll information for which there is not adequate oversight.

Cause and Effect: The City has not evaluated and segregated the duties for which employees are responsible for custody of assets and their relationship to the authorizing and record keeping of such assets. The effect is an increase in the risk that assets may be misappropriated and not discovered in a reasonable period of time.

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section II – Financial Statement Findings - Continued

Auditors' Recommendations: We recommend that management perform an evaluation of employee duties to determine procedures that will segregate duties in an effort to reduce the risk of misappropriations of assets.

Management's Response: To improve the City's segregation of duties, the City will:

- Take measures to evaluate staffing in the Finance Department to address internal control issues and eliminate the concentration of duties that would allow personnel to misappropriate assets.
- Conduct a risk assessment on all key functions, which will be included in the Finance Procedures to be created. Staff will research examples of best practices and procedures to identify risks and determine the risk level.
- Based on the identified risks, staff will implement procedures to appropriately segregate duties as necessary.
- Adopt administrative policies and procedures Staff believes this task is of such importance that it needs to be researched thoroughly to put into place best practices.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

Section IV - Prior Year Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

2016-001 - General Ledger Maintenance and Reconciliation

Finding description:

Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order to present the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These entries were proposed, accepted, and recorded by the City in the financial statements.

Current year status:

Partially Implemented – The City finance department has reduced the number of audit adjustments significantly. This is repeated as current year finding 2016-001.

2016-002 - Segregation of Duties

Finding description:

The City does not have adequate policies and procedures in place to ensure that duties are segregated for the cash disbursements, payroll and cash receipts process. One individual is responsible for authorizing vendors, has access to blank check stock, the general ledger, and performs the bank reconciliation. Another individual is responsible for entering the payroll information for which there is not adequate oversight.

Current year status:

Not implemented – This is repeated as current year finding 2016-002.

2016-003 - Capital Assets

Finding description:

The capital assets reported in the trial balance were not supported by a reconciled and complete capital asset registry or inventory. The asset records that are available are missing balances of fully depreciated infrastructure and equipment items that were written off by mistake in prior years.

Current year status:

Implemented – This is not a current year finding.

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings Year Ended June 30, 2017

2016-004 - General Ledger Maintenance and Reconciliation (Federal Award)

Finding description:

Significant audit adjustments were necessary in order to present the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These entries were proposed, accepted, and recorded by the City in the financial statements.

Current year status:

Implemented – This is not a current year finding as it relates to Federal Awards.

2016-005 - Segregation of Duties (Federal Award)

Finding description:

The City does not have adequate policies and procedures in place to ensure that duties are segregated for the cash disbursements, payroll and cash receipts process. One individual is responsible for authorizing vendors, has access to blank check stock, the general ledger, and performs the bank reconciliation. Another individual is responsible for entering the payroll information for which there is not adequate oversight.

Current year status:

Implemented – This is not a current year finding as it relates to Federal Awards.

2016-006 - Capital Assets (Federal Award)

Finding description:

The capital assets reported in the trial balance were not supported by a reconciled and complete capital asset registry or inventory. The asset records that are available are missing balances of fully depreciated infrastructure and equipment items that were written off by mistake in prior years.

Current year status:

Implemented – This is not a current year finding as it relates to Federal Awards.

2016-007 - Reporting (Federal Award)

Finding description:

The City does not have adequate procedures in place to ensure that the financial reports requesting reimbursement for expenditures and Federal reporting period-specific expenditures were independently reviewed for accuracy and approved prior to submitting them to WIFA. As a result, three of four reimbursement requests and all four of the Federal Financial 425 reports did not agree with the expenditures reported in the general ledger for the period presented.

Current year status:

Implemented – This is not a current year finding as it relates to Federal Awards.