Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Globe, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Globe, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Globe, Arizona's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Globe, Arizona, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability – cost-sharing pension plans, schedule of changes in the City's net pension/OPEB liability (asset) and related ratios – agent pension plans, and schedule of City pension/OPEB contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2020, on our consideration of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Compliance Over the Use of Highway User Revenue Fund and Other Dedicated State Transportation Revenue Monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to comply with the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters, for Highway User Revenue Fund monies it received pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2, and any other dedicated state transportation revenues it received. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the authorized transportation purposes referred to above, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, the Auditor General of the State of Arizona, the Board of Supervisors, management, and other responsible parties within the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 11, 2020

Within this section of the City of Globe (City) annual financial report, the City's management provides narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The City's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the accompanying financial statements and disclosures following this section.

Financial Highlights

- The City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$14,191,857 (net position) for the fiscal year reported.
- Total net position is comprised of the following:
 - (1) Capital assets net of related debt of \$14,224,284 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt related to the purchase of capital assets.
 - (2) Net position of \$1,520,519 is restricted for various purposes.
 - (3) Unrestricted net position is a long-term measurement of the City as a whole, representing the portion available for the City's obligations to citizens and creditors and was negative (\$1,552,946) at fiscal year-end. This amount decreased by \$1,020,061 from the prior year, which is an improvement. The primary cause of the deficit net position is due to the \$15,380,887 in long-term net pension liabilities to be funded through future years' revenue.
- The City's governmental funds reported a total ending fund balance of \$4,908,348. This compares to the prior year total ending fund balance of \$5,916,504 reflecting a decrease of \$1,008,156 from fiscal year 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The City also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The City's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting.

The first of these government-wide statements is the Statement of Net Position. This is the citywide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The second government-wide statement is the Statement of Activities, which reports how the City's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the City's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the City's taxpayers.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government, public safety, public works and streets, parks and recreation, sanitation and welfare. The business-type activities are the water and sewer utilities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the City's most significant funds rather than the City as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The City has three kinds of funds:

Governmental funds encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the City's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Proprietary funds generally report services for which the City charges customers a fee. The Water and Sewer Utility funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-

type activities in the government-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the City organization for water and sewer services.

Fiduciary funds such as the Volunteer Firemen's Relief and Pension Fund are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements, but are excluded from the government-wide reporting. Fiduciary fund financial statements report resources that are not available to fund city programs and are reported similarly to proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's budgetary comparison schedules. These schedules demonstrate compliance with the City's adopted and final revised budget. Supplementary information follows the notes to the financial statements. Combining financial statements are provided for nonmajor governmental funds totaled in one column on the fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the City as a whole.

The following table provides a summary of the City's net position at June 30, 2019:

SUMMARY OF NET POSITION

| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Totals | Totals | Amount Change |
|--|---|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| | 2019 | 2019 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets | \$ 6,348,756 6,078,729 12,427,485 | \$ 8,094,075 13,388,226 21,482,301 | \$ 14,442,831 19,466,955 33,909,786 | \$ 14,319,402 19,776,361 34,095,763 | \$ 123,429 (309,406) (185,977) |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 385,617 | 226,654 | 612,271 | 3,812,404 | (3,200,133) |
| Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities | 1,387,556 | 843,228 | 2,230,784 | 1,936,159 | 294,625 |
| Total liabilities | 14,551,136 15,938,692 | 5,659,857 6,503,085 | 20,210,993 22,441,777 | 21,659,217 23,595,376 | (1,448,224) (1,153,599) |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 1,233,997 | 124,916 | 1,358,913 | 1,322,689 | 36,224 |
| Net investment in capital assets | 5,976,682 | 8,247,602 | 14,224,284 | 13,920,915 | 303,369 |
| Restricted | 907,542 | 612,977 | 1,520,519 | 1,642,194 | (121,675) |
| Unrestricted | (7,773,321) | 6,220,375 | (1,552,946) | (2,573,007) | 1,020,061 |
| Total net position | \$ (889,097) | \$ 15,080,954 | \$ 14,191,857 | \$ 12,990,102 | \$ 1,201,755 |

The City reported a negative net position for governmental activities and a positive balance in net position for business-type activities. Net position decreased by \$263,756 for governmental activities and increased by \$1,465,511 for business-type activities.

The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2019.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

| | Governmental Business-type Activities Activities | | • • | Totals | | Totals | | Amount Change | |
|------------------------------------|--|------|------------|--------|------------|--------|------------|---------------|-------------|
| | 2019 | 2019 | | | 2019 | | 2018 | | |
| Revenues | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 1,564,476 | \$ | 3,745,973 | \$ | 5,310,449 | \$ | 5,123,198 | \$ | 187,251 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 1,541,657 | | - | | 1,541,657 | | 1,547,139 | | (5,482) |
| Capital grants and contributions | 155,789 | | 750,000 | | 905,789 | | 728,816 | | 176,973 |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | |
| City sales tax | 4,876,064 | | - | | 4,876,064 | | 5,377,122 | | (501,058) |
| State taxes and shared revenues | 2,135,257 | | - | | 2,135,257 | | 2,117,641 | | 17,616 |
| Property tax | 520,451 | | - | | 520,451 | | 491,204 | | 29,247 |
| Franchise tax | 229,200 | | - | | 229,200 | | 239,919 | | (10,719) |
| Gain on investments | 109,686 | | - | | 109,686 | | 59,555 | | 50,131 |
| Gain on sale of assets | 10,400 | | - | | 10,400 | | 310,000 | | (299,600) |
| Miscellaneous | 70,588 | | - | | 70,588 | | 116,935 | | (46,347) |
| Total revenues | 11,213,568 | | 4,495,973 | | 15,709,541 | | 16,111,529 | | (401,988) |
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 1,838,349 | | - | | 1,838,349 | | 1,940,305 | | (101,956) |
| Public safety | 5,778,159 | | - | | 5,778,159 | | 5,456,489 | | 321,670 |
| Public works and streets | 2,546,375 | | - | | 2,546,375 | | 2,086,762 | | 459,613 |
| Parks and recreation | 476,318 | | - | | 476,318 | | 459,622 | | 16,696 |
| Sanitation | 615,912 | | - | | 615,912 | | 603,382 | | 12,530 |
| Welfare | 218,068 | | - | | 218,068 | | 224,983 | | (6,915) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 4,143 | | - | | 4,143 | | 18,780 | | (14,637) |
| Water utility | - | | 2,160,391 | | 2,160,391 | | 1,993,762 | | 166,629 |
| Sewer utility | - | | 870,071 | | 870,071 | | 972,464 | | (102,393) |
| Total expenses | 11,477,324 | | 3,030,462 | | 14,507,786 | | 13,756,549 | | 751,237 |
| Change in net position | (263,756) | | 1,465,511 | | 1,201,755 | | 2,354,980 | | (1,153,225) |
| Beginning net position | (625,341) | | 13,615,443 | | 12,990,102 | | 10,635,122 | | 2,354,980 |
| Ending net position | \$ (889,097) | \$ | 15,080,954 | \$ | 14,191,857 | \$ | 12,990,102 | \$ | 1,201,755 |

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

Governmental funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements.

Revenues of the governmental funds totaled \$11,260,926 in 2018-2019, an increase of .05% from 2017-2018. A comparative summary of principal revenues is as follows:

Increase (Decrease) from 2017-

| | | 18 | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | 2018-2019 | Amount % | 2017-2018 | | |
| Taxes | \$ 5,393,300 | \$ (219,995) | \$ 5,613,295 | | |
| Intergovernmental | 3,689,428 | 96,139 | 3,593,289 | | |
| Charges for services | 994,984 | 31,072 | 963,912 | | |
| Licences, permits and fees | 584,418 | 2,148 | 582,270 | | |
| Franchise fees | 229,200 | (10,719) | 239,919 | | |
| Other revenue | 167,571 | 57,643 | 109,928 | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 92,339 | (606) | 92,945 | | |
| Interest | 109,686 | 50,131 | 59,555 | | |
| Total revenues | \$ 11,260,926 | \$ 5,813 | 0.05% \$ 11,255,113 | | |

Expenditures of the governmental funds totaled \$12,279,482 in 2018-2019, an increase of 17.48% from the prior year. The schedule that follows summarizes the expenditures.

Increase (Decrease) from 2017-

| | | 18 | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2018-2019 | Amount | % | 2017-2018 | | |
| General government | \$ 1,801,969 | \$ 108,607 | | \$ 1,693,362 | | |
| Public safety | 6,498,566 | 1,531,918 | | 4,966,648 | | |
| Public works and streets | 2,325,867 | 396,034 | | 1,929,833 | | |
| Parks and recreation | 437,127 | 17,464 | | 419,663 | | |
| Sanitation | 615,657 | 15,280 | | 600,377 | | |
| Welfare | 211,060 | (5,206) | | 216,266 | | |
| Debt service | 26,478 | (49,187) | | 75,665 | | |
| Capital outlay | 362,758 | (188,090) | | 550,848 | | |
| Total expenditures | \$ 12,279,482 | \$ 1,826,820 | 17.48% | \$ 10,452,662 | | |

Revenues (\$11,260,926) were less than expenditures (\$12,279,482) by \$1,018,556 and with the sale of capital assets of \$10,400, decreased the City's overall governmental fund balance carryover from \$5,916,504 at June 30, 2018 to \$4,908,348 at June 30, 2019.

Proprietary funds

The proprietary fund statements share the same focus as the government-wide statements, reporting both short-term and long-term information about financial status. The net position of these funds increased by \$1,465,511 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

City Payroll and Fringe Benefits

The City's gross payroll for 2018-2019 was \$4,721,733, an increase of 5.42% or \$242,644, from 2017-2018. A summary by function follows:

| | | Increase (Decrease 18 | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------|--------------|
| | 2018-2019 | Amount | % | 2017-2018 |
| General government | \$ 588,434 | \$ 48,792 | | \$ 539,642 |
| Public safety | 2,477,101 | 183,883 | | 2,293,218 |
| Public works and streets | 707,637 | 25,785 | | 681,852 |
| Parks and recreation | 200,733 | 20,112 | | 180,621 |
| Welfare | 77,791 | 6,714 | | 71,077 |
| Water utility | 517,525 | 63,748 | | 453,777 |
| Sewer utility | 152,512 | (106,390) | | 258,902 |
| Total expenditures | \$ 4,721,733 | \$ 242,644 | 5.42% | \$ 4,479,089 |

The following payroll fringe benefits amounted to \$4,340,499 an increase of \$1,247,516, or 40.33%. The increase was due to the City making optional contributions over the required minimum contributions for the pensions, as follows:

| | | | Increase (Decrease) from 2017- 18 | | | | |
|--|----|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------|----|-----------|
| | 2 | 018-2019 | | Amount | % | 2 | 017-2018 |
| Social security and Medicare taxes | \$ | 279,348 | \$ | 12,525 | | \$ | 266,823 |
| State retirement contributions | | 305,753 | | 16,347 | | | 289,406 |
| Policemen's pension contributions | | 1,236,240 | | 626,094 | | | 610,146 |
| Regular firemen's pension contributions | | 952,638 | | 455,961 | | | 496,677 |
| Elected officials retirement contributions | | 17,064 | | 10,561 | | | 6,503 |
| Industrial insurance | | 139,733 | | 15,208 | | | 124,525 |
| Health and life insurance | | 1,409,723 | | 110,820 | _ | | 1,298,903 |
| Total expenditures | \$ | 4,340,499 | \$ | 1,247,516 | 40.33% | \$ | 3,092,983 |

Fringe benefits provided by the City (\$4,340,499) amounted to 91.93% of the total gross payroll (\$4,721,733).

Analysis of Balances of City's Individual Funds

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's individual governmental funds reported a combined fund balance \$4,908,348, a decrease of \$1,008,156 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 87.57% of this total amount (\$4,298,312) constitutes the General Fund Balance, which is available for its ongoing obligations.

At June 30, 2019 fund balances/net position were as follows:

| | Increase (Decrease) from 2017- | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | | 18 | | | | | |
| | 2018-2019 | Amount | % | 2017-2018 | | | |
| Governmental Funds: | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ 4,298,312 | \$ (1,075,634) | | \$ 5,373,946 | | | |
| Highway Users Fund | 99,428 | (52,901) | | 152,329 | | | |
| Grants Fund | 70,724 | (19,362) | | 90,086 | | | |
| Capital Projects Fund | - | - | | - | | | |
| Active Adult Center Fund | - | - | | - | | | |
| Library Fund | - | - | | - | | | |
| Transportation Excise Tax Fund | 439,884 | 139,741 | | 300,143 | | | |
| Total | \$ 4,908,348 | \$ (1,008,156) | -17.04% | \$ 5,916,504 | | | |
| Proprietary Funds: | | | | | | | |
| Water Utility Fund | 10,255,244 | 1,072,937 | | 9,182,307 | | | |
| Sewer Utility Fund | 4,825,710 | 392,574 | | 4,433,136 | | | |
| Total | \$ 15,080,954 | \$ 1,465,511 | 10.76% | \$ 13,615,443 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Budgetary Highlights

Schedules showing the budget amounts compared to the City's actual financial activity for the General Fund are provided in this report as required supplementary information. For the General Fund, revenues are \$130,715 under budget, expenses are \$544,984 under budget, and other financing uses are \$88,809 under budget creating a positive variance of \$503,078.

Note: Estimated fund balance used in budget preparation was \$5,149,409.

Budgetary highlights for the General Fund are as follows:

Revenues:

• Actual revenues for taxes fell short of budget by \$112,640, due to local sales tax collection decrease, licenses, permits, and fees fell short of budget by \$60,313 due to a decrease in business license fees in fiscal year 2019. Other categories that fell short of budget expectations worth mention were intergovernmental by \$10,815 which is primarily vehicle license taxes, other revenues by \$25,699 which is due to rebates not realized and \$18,784 in franchise fees. Interest income generated \$65,012 more revenue than was budgeted and Charges for Services and fines and forfeitures exceeded the budgeted amount by \$32,524. This resulted in a net under realization of revenue compared to budget for FY2019, in the amount of \$130,715.

Expenses:

- In the General Fund, there was \$1,435,783 appropriated for contingency in the event the City had a revenue shortfall and/or unexpected emergency expenditures. Of this total, \$1,124,607 will be transferred to cover budget overages in Administration, Fire, Police, Public Works, Economic Development and Fleet Maintenance, of which \$292,323 was Contingency Requests previously approved by Council.
- The largest expenditure overage was for police and fire in the amount of \$844,232, of which the majority of the overage was result of the prepayment of the PSPRS .3% that was collected in Fiscal Year 2018 and not paid until Fiscal Year 2019 and overtime expenses due to vacancies in the police department.
- Overall, expenditures for the General Fund were \$544,984 under budget and was a result of not spending the entire appropriation for the Mayor & Council, Community Organizations, Magistrate, Sanitation, Museum and Contingency.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The following is a comparison of capital assets net of depreciation for 2019 and 2018.

| | Governmental Activities | | | | Business-type Activities | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|----|-----------|----|--------------------------|----|------------|--|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2019 | | 2018 | |
| Land | \$ 1,323,644 | \$ | 1,323,644 | \$ | 287,893 | \$ | 287,893 | |
| Construction in progress | 41,971 | | - | | 622,030 | | - | |
| Buildings | 1,115,360 | | 1,149,843 | | 1,328,145 | | 1,526,380 | |
| Street infrastructure and | | | | | | | | |
| other improvements | 2,731,122 | | 2,780,828 | | 10,703,158 | | 11,085,497 | |
| Machinery and equipment | 866,632 | | 1,009,086 | | 447,000 | | 613,190 | |
| | \$ 6,078,729 | \$ | 6,263,401 | \$ | 13,388,226 | \$ | 13,512,960 | |

Long-Term Obligations

The City drew \$605,251 of the available funds of the 2017 WIFA loan to fund water and well system expenditures.

FISCAL YEAR 2018-2019 ACCOMPLISHMENTS

The City has on credit, prepaid health insurance premiums, known as retention reserve, with Blue Cross Blue Shield (City's health insurance company) in the amount of \$441,069 as of June 30, 2019. This amount reflects a decrease of \$62,291 from last year which the City used to pay the increased premiums for the 2018-19 renewal period. Interest income on City investments with the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) increased \$43,611 from the prior year. State-shared revenues decreased \$17,616 from the prior year.

FYE 18-19 Globe has a \$15,380,887 debt in unfunded liability to PSPRS, EORP and ASRS. The PSPRS debt unfunded liability is \$11,652,862, the EORP debt unfunded liability is \$284,306, and the ASRS debt unfunded liability is \$3,443,719. Funds received from the .3% sales tax increase initiated by the City in November 2017 paid an additional \$846,439 to be paid toward the PSPRS unfunded liability. Additionally, the City pre-paid the budgeted employer's portion of the PSPRS costs to help reduce interest on the unfunded liability amount.

The City chose not to issue a water and sewer rate increase during the 2018-2019 fiscal year. Water and sewer revenues held stable, so it was determined not to implement an increase for this year.

In March 2005, the City entered into an agreement with the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) that provided \$5,000,000 in revenue bonds payable over twenty-five years at 3.405%. In June 2014, the City entered into an agreement with the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona (WIFA) that provides \$5,500,000 in financial assistance for drinking water capital improvement projects. \$3,000,000 is in grants and \$2,500,000 is in revenue bonds payable over twenty years at 2.333%. In June of 2017, the City entered into agreement with WIFA that provides \$3,000,000 for financial assistance for drinking water capital improvement projects. \$750,000 is in grants and \$2,250,000 in revenue bonds payable over twenty years at 2.016%. The total WIFA bonds payable as of June 30, 2019 was \$4,962,358, or a decrease of \$550,216 from the prior year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact, City of Globe, 150 N. Pine St., Globe, Arizona 85501.



FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

| | Primary Government | | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Governmental | Business-type | | | |
| | Activities | Activities | Total | | |
| ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,243,948 | \$ 6,968,870 | \$ 11,212,818 | | |
| Restricted cash | - | 682,112 | 682,112 | | |
| Accounts receivable - net | 54,751 | 440,575 | 495,326 | | |
| Due from other governments | 962,338 | - | 962,338 | | |
| Other receivables | 58,470 | - | 58,470 | | |
| Taxes receivable | 28,967 | - | 28,967 | | |
| Prepaids | 702,305 | - | 702,305 | | |
| Inventory | 30,513 | - | 30,513 | | |
| Note receivable | 190,623 | - | 190,623 | | |
| Net other postemployment benefits asset | 76,841 | 2,518 | 79,359 | | |
| Capital assets, not being depreciated | 1,365,615 | 909,923 | 2,275,538 | | |
| Capital assets, being depreciated, net | 4,713,114 | 12,478,303 | 17,191,417 | | |
| Total assets | 12,427,485 | 21,482,301 | 33,909,786 | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions and other | | | | | |
| postemployment benefits | 3,856,107 | 226,654 | 4,082,761 | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 754,891 | 188,359 | 943,250 | | |
| Accrued liabilities | 398,022 | 41,810 | 439,832 | | |
| Interest payable | - | 71,838 | 71,838 | | |
| Customer deposits | _ | 69,135 | 69,135 | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | 05,100 | 05,122 | | |
| Due within 1 year | 234,643 | 472,086 | 706,729 | | |
| Due in more than 1 year | 14,551,136 | 5,659,857 | 20,210,993 | | |
| Total liabilities | 15,938,692 | 6,503,085 | 22,441,777 | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions and other | | | | | |
| postemployment benefits | 1,233,997 | 124,916 | 1,358,913 | | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 5,976,682 | 8,247,602 | 14,224,284 | | |
| Restricted for | | | | | |
| PSPRS unfunded liability | 297,506 | - | 297,506 | | |
| Highways and streets | 610,036 | - | 610,036 | | |
| Debt service | - | 489,671 | 489,671 | | |
| Repairs and replacements | _ | 123,306 | 123,306 | | |
| Unrestricted | (7,773,321) | 6,220,375 | (1,552,946) | | |
| Total net position | \$ (889,097) | \$ 15,080,954 | \$ 14,191,857 | | |

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | Program Revenue | | N | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|----|---|-----------|-------------|----|-------------|-------|---------------|----|-------------|
| | | | Charges | (| Operating | g Capital | | | | Prima | ry Government | | |
| | | | for | (| Grants and | G | rants and | Go | vernmental | Βι | isiness-type | | |
| Functions / Programs | Expenses | | Services | Co | ontributions | Co | ntributions | A | Activities | | Activities | | Total |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ 1,838,349 | \$ | 627,220 | \$ | 17,600 | \$ | - | \$ | (1,193,529) | \$ | - | \$ | (1,193,529) |
| Public safety | 5,778,159 | | 92,339 | | 188,588 | | - | | (5,497,232) | | - | | (5,497,232) |
| Public works and streets | 2,546,375 | | - | | 1,142,135 | | 139,829 | | (1,264,411) | | - | | (1,264,411) |
| Parks and recreation | 476,318 | | 222,482 | | 17,026 | | - | | (236,810) | | - | | (236,810) |
| Sanitation | 615,912 | | 622,435 | | - | | - | | 6,523 | | - | | 6,523 |
| Welfare | 218,068 | | - | | 176,308 | | 15,960 | | (25,800) | | - | | (25,800) |
| Interest on long-term debt | 4,143 | | - | | | | | | (4,143) | | | | (4,143) |
| Total governmental activities | 11,477,324 | | 1,564,476 | | 1,541,657 | | 155,789 | | (8,215,402) | | - | | (8,215,402) |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water | 2,160,391 | | 2,483,328 | | - | | 750,000 | | - | | 1,072,937 | | 1,072,937 |
| Sewer | 870,071 | | 1,262,645 | | | | | | | | 392,574 | | 392,574 |
| Total business-type activities | 3,030,462 | | 3,745,973 | | - | | 750,000 | | - | | 1,465,511 | | 1,465,511 |
| Total primary government | \$ 14,507,786 | \$ | 5,310,449 | \$ | 1,541,657 | \$ | 905,789 | | (8,215,402) | | 1,465,511 | | (6,749,891) |
| | General revenue: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Taxes: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Sales tax | | | | | | | | 4,876,064 | | - | | 4,876,064 |
| | Property tax | | | | | | | | 520,451 | | - | | 520,451 |
| | Franchise tax | | | | | | | | 229,200 | | - | | 229,200 |
| | State urban revenue | e sharin | g | | | | | | 890,811 | | - | | 890,811 |
| | Share of state sales | taxes | | | | | | | 739,816 | | - | | 739,816 |
| | Share of county aut | to lieu ta | axes | | | | | | 504,630 | | - | | 504,630 |
| | Investment income | | | | | | | | 109,686 | | - | | 109,686 |
| | Miscellaneous | | | | | | | | 70,588 | | - | | 70,588 |
| | Gain on sale of asse | ets | | | | | | | 10,400 | | | | 10,400 |
| | Total general rev | venue | | | | | | | 7,951,646 | | _ | | 7,951,646 |
| | Change in net po | osition | | | | | | | (263,756) | | 1,465,511 | | 1,201,755 |
| | Net position, beginn | _ | year | | | | | | (625,341) | | 13,615,443 | | 12,990,102 |
| | Net position, end of | f year | | | | | | \$ | (889,097) | \$ | 15,080,954 | \$ | 14,191,857 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Balance Sheet **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,282,009 | \$ 961,939 | \$ 4,243,948 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 54,751 | - | 54,751 |
| Due from other governments | 766,488 | 195,850 | 962,338 |
| Other receivables | 58,470 | - | 58,470 |
| Taxes receivable | 28,967 | - | 28,967 |
| Due from other funds | 56,778 | - | 56,778 |
| Prepaids | 702,305 | - | 702,305 |
| Inventory | 30,513 | - | 30,513 |
| Note receivable | 190,623 | | 190,623 |
| Total assets | 5,170,904 | 1,157,789 | 6,328,693 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable | 285,749 | 469,142 | 754,891 |
| Accrued liabilities | 376,189 | 21,833 | 398,022 |
| Due to other funds | | 56,778 | 56,778 |
| Total liabilities | 661,938 | 547,753 | 1,209,691 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | |
| Unavailable revenue | 210,654 | | 210,654 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | |
| Unspendable | 923,441 | - | 923,441 |
| Restricted | 297,506 | 610,036 | 907,542 |
| Committed | 112,754 | - | 112,754 |
| Unassigned | 2,964,611 | | 2,964,611 |
| Total fund balances | 4,298,312 | 610,036 | 4,908,348 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of | | | |
| resources, and fund balances | \$ 5,170,904 | \$ 1,157,789 | \$ 6,328,693 |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position **Governmental Funds** June 30, 2019

| Fund balances-total governmental funds | | \$ | 4,908,348 |
|---|--------------|----|--------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | | 6,078,729 |
| Some receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. | | | 210,654 |
| Net pension/OPEB assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for City operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | | 76,841 |
| Liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported | | | |
| as a liability in the funds. OPEB liability | (11,960) | | |
| Capital leases payable | (11,900) | | |
| Compensated absences | (252,371) | | |
| Net pension/OPEB liability | (14,419,401) | | |
| 1.00 penotoni o'i 22 intonity | (11,112,101) | (| (14,785,779) |
| Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to | | | |
| future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. | | | 2,622,110 |
| Net position of governmental activities | | \$ | (889,097) |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances **Governmental Funds** Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Revenues | Φ 7.202.200 | Ф | Φ 7.202.200 |
| Taxes | \$ 5,393,300 | \$ - | \$ 5,393,300 |
| Intergovernmental | 2,135,257 | 1,554,171 | 3,689,428 |
| Charges for services | 994,984 | - | 994,984 |
| Licenses, permits and fees | 584,418 | - | 584,418 |
| Franchise fees | 229,200 | - | 229,200 |
| Other revenue | 113,940 | 53,631 | 167,571 |
| Interest | 109,686 | - | 109,686 |
| Fines and forfietures | 92,339 | | 92,339 |
| Total revenues | 9,653,124 | 1,607,802 | 11,260,926 |
| Expenditures | | | |
| Current | | | |
| General government | 1,801,969 | - | 1,801,969 |
| Public safety | 6,470,333 | 28,233 | 6,498,566 |
| Public works and streets | 1,281,572 | 1,044,295 | 2,325,867 |
| Parks and recreation | 196,480 | 240,647 | 437,127 |
| Sanitation | 615,657 | - | 615,657 |
| Welfare | - | 211,060 | 211,060 |
| Debt Service | | | |
| Principal | 22,335 | - | 22,335 |
| Interest | 4,143 | - | 4,143 |
| Capital outlay | 70,194 | 292,564 | 362,758 |
| Total expenditures | 10,462,683 | 1,816,799 | 12,279,482 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (809,559) | (208,997) | (1,018,556) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | 10,400 | - | 10,400 |
| Transfers | (276,475) | 276,475 | |
| Net change in fund balances | (1,075,634) | 67,478 | (1,008,156) |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 5,373,946 | 542,558 | 5,916,504 |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ 4,298,312 | \$ 610,036 | \$ 4,908,348 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds | | \$ (1,008,156) |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. | | |
| Capital outlay | 362,758 | |
| Depreciation expense | (547,430) | |
| | | (184,672) |
| Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | | |
| Unavailable property taxes | 3,215 | |
| Unavailable sales tax | (74,823) | |
| | (1)2 2) | (71,608) |
| City pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the abspace in the net reported (OPEB liability editated for abspace in defeared outflows and inflavor.) | | |
| which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. | | |
| City pension/OPEB contributions | 2,946,812 | |
| Pension/OPEB expense | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | |
| rension/ofed expense | (1,923,599) | 1,023,213 |
| | | 1,023,213 |
| Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. | | |
| Capital lease principal repaid | | 22,335 |
| Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless | | |
| of when the financial resources are available. | | |
| Decrease in OPEB liability | 3,757 | |
| Increase in compensated absences payable | (48,625) | |
| | | (44,868) |
| Change in net position of governmental activities | | \$ (263,756) |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Net Position **Proprietary Funds** June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | |
|---|---|--------------|---------------|--|
| | Water | Sewer | _ | |
| | Utility | Utility | Total | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,289,384 | \$ 2,679,486 | \$ 6,968,870 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, restricted | 682,112 | - | 682,112 | |
| Accounts receivable, net | 263,904 | 176,671 | 440,575 | |
| Total current assets | 5,235,400 | 2,856,157 | 8,091,557 | |
| Noncurrent assets | | | | |
| Net other postemployment benefits asset | 1,575 | 943 | 2,518 | |
| Capital assets, net of accumulated | | | | |
| depreciation, where applicable | 11,070,887 | 2,317,339 | 13,388,226 | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 11,072,462 | 2,318,282 | 13,390,744 | |
| Total assets | 16,307,862 | 5,174,439 | 21,482,301 | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred outflows related to pensions and other | | | | |
| postemployment benefits | 141,821 | 84,833 | 226,654 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 172,148 | 16,211 | 188,359 | |
| Accrued liabilities | 34,306 | 7,504 | 41,810 | |
| Accrued interest payable | 71,838 | - | 71,838 | |
| Current portion of compensated absences | 19,956 | 2,419 | 22,375 | |
| Current portion of capital leases payable | 41,889 | - - | 41,889 | |
| Current portion of loans payable | 407,822 | - | 407,822 | |
| Customer deposits | 69,135 | - | 69,135 | |
| Total current liabilities | 817,094 | 26,134 | 843,228 | |
| Noncurrent liabilities | | | | |
| Compensated absences, net of current portion | 6,652 | 806 | 7,458 | |
| Capital leases payable, net of current portion | 136,377 | - | 136,377 | |
| Loans payable, net of current portion | 4,554,536 | - | 4,554,536 | |
| Net pension and other postemployment benefits liability | 601,618 | 359,868 | 961,486 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 5,299,183 | 360,674 | 5,659,857 | |
| Total liabilities | 6,116,277 | 386,808 | 6,503,085 | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | |
| Deferred inflows related to pensions and other | | | | |
| postemployment benefits | 78,162 | 46,754 | 124,916 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 5,930,263 | 2,317,339 | 8,247,602 | |
| Restricted | 612,977 | - | 612,977 | |
| Unrestricted (deficit) | 3,712,004 | 2,508,371 | 6,220,375 | |
| Total net position | \$ 10,255,244 | \$ 4,825,710 | \$ 15,080,954 | |

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds | | | |
|---|--|--------------|---------------|--|
| | Water | Sewer | | |
| | Utility | Utility | Total | |
| Operating revenues | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 2,351,594 | \$ 1,152,554 | \$ 3,504,148 | |
| Miscellaneous | 131,734 | 110,091 | 241,825 | |
| Total operating revenues | 2,483,328 | 1,262,645 | 3,745,973 | |
| Operating expenses | | | | |
| Depreciation | 603,689 | 262,130 | 865,819 | |
| Salaries and wages | 515,620 | 152,512 | 668,132 | |
| Employee benefits | 257,029 | 80,637 | 337,666 | |
| Utilities | 251,961 | 85,594 | 337,555 | |
| Repairs and maintenance | 186,300 | 49,060 | 235,360 | |
| Professional services | 50,817 | 141,119 | 191,936 | |
| Materials and supplies | 53,708 | 35,317 | 89,025 | |
| Other | 38,976 | 49,498 | 88,474 | |
| Insurance | 48,581 | 14,204 | 62,785 | |
| Total operating expenses | 2,006,681 | 870,071 | 2,876,752 | |
| Operating income (loss) | 476,647 | 392,574 | 869,221 | |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses) | | | | |
| Interest expense | (153,710) | | (153,710) | |
| Income (loss) before contributions | 322,937 | 392,574 | 715,511 | |
| Capital contribution | 750,000 | | 750,000 | |
| Increase (decrease) in net position | 1,072,937 | 392,574 | 1,465,511 | |
| Total net position, beginning of year | 9,182,307 | 4,433,136 | 13,615,443 | |
| Total net position, end of year | \$ 10,255,244 | \$ 4,825,710 | \$ 15,080,954 | |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds | | | |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|--|
| | Water Sewer | | _ | |
| | Utility | Utility | Total | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | |
| Receipts from customers | \$ 2,498,773 | \$ 1,205,099 | \$ 3,703,872 | |
| Payments to suppliers and providers of | | | | |
| goods and services | (885,315) | (469,203) | (1,354,518) | |
| Payments to employees | (516,080) | (165,994) | (682,074) | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) | | | | |
| operating activities | 1,097,378 | 569,902 | 1,667,280 | |
| Cash flows from capital and related | | | | |
| financing activities: | | | | |
| Purchase of capital assets | (546,977) | (149,283) | (696,260) | |
| Principal paid on loans payable | (405,467) | - | (405,467) | |
| Interest paid | (181,150) | - | (181,150) | |
| Principal paid on capital leases | (40,224) | - | (40,224) | |
| Proceeds from loans payable | 605,251 | | 605,251 | |
| Net cash provided by (used for) capital | | | | |
| and related financing activities | (568,567) | (149,283) | (717,850) | |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | | | | |
| and cash equivalents | 528,811 | 420,619 | 949,430 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year | 4,442,685 | 2,258,867 | 6,701,552 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ 4,971,496 | \$ 2,679,486 | \$ 7,650,982 | |
| | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,289,384 | \$ 2,679,486 | \$ 6,968,870 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, restricted | 682,112 | | 682,112 | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ 4,971,496 | \$ 2,679,486 | \$ 7,650,982 | |

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

(Continued)

| | Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds | | | Funds | | |
|--|--|-----------|----|--------------|----|-----------|
| | | Water | | Sewer | | |
| | | Utility | | Utility | | Total |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) | | | | | | |
| to net cash provided (used) by | | | | | | |
| operating activities | | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ | 476,647 | \$ | 392,574 | \$ | 869,221 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income | | | | | | |
| (loss) to net cash provided (used) by | | | | | | |
| operating activities: | | | | | | |
| Depreciation | | 603,689 | | 262,130 | | 865,819 |
| Bad debts | | 4,267 | | 2,520 | | 6,787 |
| Changes in assets, deferred outflows of | | | | | | |
| resources, liabilities, and deferred | | | | | | |
| inflows of resources: | | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | | 13,712 | | (60,066) | | (46,354) |
| Net other postemployment benefits asset | | 603 | | 360 | | 963 |
| Deferred outflows of resources related to | | | | | | |
| pensions and other postemployment benefits | | (33,925) | | (20,293) | | (54,218) |
| Accounts payable | | 27,805 | | 1,629 | | 29,434 |
| Accrued expenses | | 17,407 | | (1,451) | | 15,956 |
| Compensated absences | | (17,867) | | (12,031) | | (29,898) |
| Customer deposits | | (2,534) | | - | | (2,534) |
| Net pension and other postemployment benefits | | | | | | |
| liability | | (14,057) | | (8,409) | | (22,466) |
| Deferred inflows of resources related to | | | | | | |
| pensions and other postemployment benefits | | 21,631 | | 12,939 | | 34,570 |
| Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities | \$ | 1,097,378 | \$ | 569,902 | \$ | 1,667,280 |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities: | | | | | | |
| Capital contribution from forgiveness of | | | | | | |
| WIFA debt | \$ | 750,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 750,000 |
| Acquisition of capital assets financed by: | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| Accounts payable | \$ | 44,825 | \$ | - | \$ | 44,825 |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2019

| | Volunteer | |
|---|-----------|------------|
| | Fir | efighters' |
| | Re | elief and |
| | F | Pension |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 20,517 |
| Due from City | | 39 |
| Total assets | | 20,556 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Total liabilities | | |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Held in trust for investment trust participants | \$ | 20,556 |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position **Fiduciary Fund** Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Firefi Relie | inteer ghters' ef and nsion |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|
| Additions | | |
| Contributions from participants | \$ | 144 |
| Investment income | | 689 |
| Total additions Deductions | | 833 |
| Distributions to participants | | 6,135 |
| Change in net position | | (5,302) |
| Net position, beginning of year | | 25,858 |
| Net position, end of year | \$ | 20,556 |

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the City of Globe, Arizona have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a general-purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City (the primary government).

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole, while the fund statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements—provide information about the primary government (the City). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the overall government's financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. They also distinguish between the City's governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided;
- operating grants and contributions; and
- capital grants and contributions, including special assessments.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes the City levies or imposes, are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements—Provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Fiduciary funds are aggregated and reported by fund type.

Proprietary fund revenues and expenses are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity. Accordingly, revenues, such as user charges and insurance premiums, in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values are operating revenues. Other revenues, such as subsidies, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values and are considered nonoperating revenues along with investment earnings and revenues ancillary activities generate. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Water* and *Sewer Funds* account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the City Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City reports the following fund types:

The *Volunteer Firefighters' Relief and Pension Fund* accounts for the City's Volunteer Firefighter's Relief and Pension Fund, a defined contribution plan for which the assets are held by the City in a trustee capacity.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. The City applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year-end. The City's major revenue sources that are susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental, charges for services, and investment earnings. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, landfill closure and postclosure care costs, and pollution remediation obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Inventories

The City accounts for its inventories in the governmental funds using the purchase method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for sale and are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase. Amounts on hand at year-end are shown on the balance sheet as an asset for informational purposes only and as nonspendable fund balance to indicate that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." These inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

F. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the proprietary funds are estimated by the City. The amount recorded as uncollectible at June 30, 2019 in the Water and Sewer Funds, respectively, were \$12,242 and \$5,075.

G. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year they are levied and collected or if they are collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end. Property taxes not collected within 60 days subsequent to fiscal year-end are reported as unavailable revenue. Property taxes collected in advance of the fiscal year for which they are levied are reported as deferred revenue.

The City levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

A lien assessed against real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

Property taxes receivable consist of uncollected property taxes as determined from the records of the County Treasurer's Office, and at June 30, 2019, the uncollected property taxes and related allowances for uncollectible amounts (if any) were as follows:

| Fiscal Year | General Fund |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 2018 - 2019 Prior | \$ 24,962 4,005 |
| Net total | \$ 28,967 |

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets are as follows:

| | Capitalization Threshold | | Depreciation | Estimated |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| | | | Method | Useful Life |
| Land | \$ | 5,000 | N/A | N/A |
| Buildings | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 10-40 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 3-20 |
| Infrastructure and improvements | | 5,000 | Straight-line | 5-20 |

I. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of vacation leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Employees may accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation depending on years of service, but any vacation hours in excess of the maximum amount that are unused at year-end are forfeited. Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees may accumulate 120 hours of sick leave. Generally, sick leave benefits provide for ordinary sick pay and are cumulative but are forfeited upon termination of employment. Because sick leave benefits do not vest with employees, a liability for sick leave benefits is not accrued in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the City Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the City Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has authorized the City manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the City's policy to use (the City will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the City's policy to use (the City will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

M. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the City to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the City Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

The City's investment policy states that the City will conform with Arizona Revised Statutes. The City does not have a formal investment policy with respect to custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, or foreign currency risk.

Deposits—At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the City's total cash in bank was \$8,276,440, and the bank balances were \$8,593,772. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance or similar insurance. The remainder was covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution in the City's name.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash in the Water Fund consists of monies restricted for refundable customer deposits in the amount of \$69,135, monies restricted for debt service in the amount of \$489,671, and monies restricted for repairs and replacements in the amount of \$123,306.

Investments—The City reported investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5 with a reported amount of \$3,636,767. The Standard and Poor's credit quality rating of the pool is AAA.

The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's pools. The fair value of a participant's position in the pool approximates the value of that participant's pool shares and the participant's shares are not identified with specific investments.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statements of net position follows:

| | Governmental activities | | isiness-type activities | Volunteer Firefighters' Relief and Pension | | Total | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------------------------|---|--------|-------|------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents: | | | | | | | _ |
| Cash on hand | \$ | 2,240 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,240 |
| Amount of deposits | | 624,696 | 7,650,982 | | 762 | | 8,276,440 |
| State Treasurer's Investment Pool 5 | | 3,617,012 | - | | 19,755 | | 3,636,767 |
| Total | \$ | 4,243,948 | \$ 7,650,982 | \$ | 20,517 | \$ | 11,915,447 |

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due at June 30, 2019 from other governments in the Governmental Funds consisted of the following:

| | | | Gov | Other vernmental | |
|---------------------------|----|------------|-----|---------------------|---------------|
| Description | Ge | neral Fund | | Funds | Total |
| State of Arizona: | - | | | | |
| City sales tax | \$ | 721,354 | \$ | - | \$ 721,354 |
| Highway user revenue | | - | | 79,728 | 79,728 |
| Grants | | - | | 77,288 | 77,288 |
| State sales tax | | 24,610 | | - | 24,610 |
| Vehicle license tax | | 20,524 | | - | 20,524 |
| Gila County: | | | | | |
| Transportation Excise Tax | | - | | 38,834 | 38,834 |
| | \$ | 766,488 | \$ | 195,850 | \$ 962,338 |

NOTE 4 - NOTE RECEIVABLE

In late 2017, it was discovered that for approximately four years, the State of Arizona distributed transaction privilege taxes to the Town of Miami that were paid by three business entities located within the city limits of Globe. The total amount of distributions collected by the Town of Miami in error was \$268,789.

The Town of Miami has agreed to pay the City the distributions collected in error. Beginning April 2018, the Town of Miami began to reimburse the City in monthly installments of \$8,000, including interest of 4%, with a maturity date of July 2021. As of June 30, 2019, the unpaid balance due to the City is \$190,623.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Business-type activities capital assets, net

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ntal activities | | |
|--|---|---|---|
| | Balance | | Balance |
| | July 1, 2018 | Increases | June 30, 2019 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | |
| Land | \$ 1,323,644 | - | \$ 1,323,644 |
| Construction in progress | _ | 41,971 | 41,971 |
| Total capital assets not being depreciated | 1,323,644 | 41,971 | 1,365,615 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | |
| Buildings | 4,100,097 | 76,638 | 4,176,735 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 6,352,538 | 69,456 | 6,421,994 |
| Street infrastructure and improvements | | | |
| other than buildings | 6,304,800 | 174,693 | 6,479,493 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated | 16,757,435 | 320,787 | 17,078,222 |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | |
| Buildings | (2,950,254) | (111,121) | (3,061,375) |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | (5,343,452) | (211,910) | (5,555,362) |
| Street infrastructure and improvements | (2.522.052) | (22.4.200) | (2.5.40.251) |
| other than buildings | (3,523,972) | (224,399) | (3,748,371) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (11,817,678) | (547,430) | (12,365,108 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | 4,939,757 | (226,643) | 4,713,114 |
| overnmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 6,263,401 | \$ (184,672) | \$ 6,078,729 |
| | | | |
| . . | | | |
| Business-t | ype activities | | |
| <u>Business-t</u> | Balance | | Balance |
| <u>Business-t</u> | | Increases | Balance June 30, 2019 |
| Business-t Capital assets not being depreciated: | Balance July 1, 2018 | Increases | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land | Balance | - | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | Balance July 1, 2018 | Increases - 622,030 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land | Balance July 1, 2018 | - | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 - 287,893 | 622,030 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 92,573 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 26,482 92,573 119,055 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 27,761,489 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 92,573 119,055 (198,235) | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 27,761,489 (5,581,307 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 26,482 92,573 119,055 | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 27,761,489 (5,581,307 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 - 92,573 - 119,055 (198,235) (192,672) | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 27,761,489 (5,581,307) (1,713,267) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 92,573 119,055 (198,235) (192,672) (474,912) | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 27,761,489 (5,581,307) (1,713,267) (7,988,612) |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements other than buildings Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Furniture, machinery and equipment Street infrastructure and improvements | Balance July 1, 2018 \$ 287,893 | 622,030 622,030 - 26,482 - 92,573 - 119,055 (198,235) (192,672) | June 30, 2019 \$ 287,893 622,030 909,923 6,909,452 2,160,267 18,691,770 27,761,489 (5,581,307) (1,713,267) |

\$ 13,512,960 \$ (124,734) \$ 13,388,226

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

| Governmental activities: | | |
|---|-----------|--------------------|
| General government | \$ | 121,228 |
| Public safety | | 125,890 |
| Public works and streets | | 243,531 |
| Parks and recreation | | 46,022 |
| Sanitation | | 255 |
| Welfare | | 10,504 |
| | | |
| | | |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$ | 547,430 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense | \$ | 547,430 |
| Total governmental activities depreciation expense Business-type activities: | \$ | 547,430 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 547,430 603,689 |
| Business-type activities: | | , |
| Business-type activities: Water | | 603,689 |
| Business-type activities: Water | | 603,689 |

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the City's long-term liability and obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2019.

| | J | Balance July 1, 2018 | A | Additions | R | eductions | Ju | Balance ine 30, 2019 | D | ue within 1 year |
|---|----|-------------------------|----|------------------|----|---------------------------------------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | \$ | 203,746 | \$ | 48,625 | \$ | - | \$ | 252,371 | \$ | 189,278 |
| OPEB liability | | 15,717 | | - | | (3,757) | | 11,960 | | 4,300 |
| Capital leases | | 124,382 | | - | | (22,335) | | 102,047 | | 41,065 |
| Net pension and other | | | | | | | | | | |
| postemployment benefits | | | | | | | | | | |
| liability | | 15,214,386 | | - | | (794,985) | | 14,419,401 | | - |
| Governmental activities | | _ | | | | | | _ | | |
| long-term liabilities | \$ | 15,558,231 | \$ | 48,625 | \$ | (821,077) | \$ | 14,785,779 | \$ | 234,643 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities: | ф | 50 521 | ф | | ф | (20,000) | ф | 20.022 | Φ. | 22.255 |
| Compensated absences | \$ | 59,731 | \$ | - | \$ | (29,898) | \$ | 29,833 | \$ | 22,375 |
| Capital leases | | 218,490 | | - | | (40,224) | | 178,266 | | 41,889 |
| Loans payable from direct | | | | | | | | | | |
| borrowings and direct | | | | 60 7.07 4 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 4062250 | | 40= 000 |
| placements | | 5,512,574 | | 605,251 | | (1,155,467) | | 4,962,358 | | 407,822 |
| Net pension and other postemployment benefits | | | | | | | | | | |
| liability | | 983,952 | | _ | | (22,466) | | 961,486 | | _ |
| Business-type activities | | ,, - | | | | (, : = 0) | | , , , , , , , | | |
| long-term liabilities | \$ | 6,774,747 | \$ | 605,251 | \$ | (1,248,055) | \$ | 6,131,943 | \$ | 472,086 |

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Loans payable from direct borrowings and direct placements— The City's loans payable from direct borrowings and direct placements consisted of the following:

| | Business-type Activities | |
|---|-----------------------------|------------|
| | V | Vater Fund |
| Note payable to Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona with interest at 2.333% and due January 1st and July 1st of each year beginning January 1, 2015, with final payment due July 1, 2034. | \$ | 2,789,212 |
| Note payable to Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona with interest at 3.405% and due January 1st and July 1st of each year beginning January 1, 2006, with final payment due July 1, 2029. | | 2,087,754 |
| Note payable to Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona with interest at 2.016% and due January 1st and July 1st of each year beginning January 1, 2018, with final payment due July 1, 2037. | | 85,392 |
| | \$ | 4,962,358 |

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the City's loans payable from direct borrowings and direct placements at June 30, 2019.

| Year | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|--|--|--|
| Ending | Loans Payable | | | | | | |
| June 30 | 1 | Principal | Interest | | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 407,822 | \$ | 135,597 | | | |
| 2021 | | 332,239 | | 123,760 | | | |
| 2022 | | 342,355 | | 113,328 | | | |
| 2023 | | 352,787 | | 102,569 | | | |
| 2024 | | 363,545 | | 91,474 | | | |
| 2025-29 | | 1,991,287 | | 278,360 | | | |
| 2030-34 | | 1,018,073 | | 52,367 | | | |
| 2035 | | 154,250 | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 4,962,358 | \$ | 897,455 | | | |

Capital leases—The City has acquired vehicles and equipment under the provisions of a long-term lease agreement classified as a capital lease for accounting purposes because it provides for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Vehicles Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation | \$ | 162,572 59,595 (110,572) | \$ 113,624 191,901 (130,193) | | |
| Carrying value | \$ | 111,595 | \$ 175,332 | | |

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

The following schedule details debt service requirements to maturity for the City's capital leases payable at June 30, 2019:

| Year Ending June 30 | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | |
|---|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| 2020 2021 | \$ | 44,971 44,972 | \$ | 48,407 48,408 |
| 2022 | | 18,545 | | 23,435 |
| 2023 2024 | | - | | 23,435 52,800 |
| Total minimum lease payments | | 108,488 | | 196,485 |
| Less amount representing interest | | (6,441) | | (18,219) |
| Present value of net minimum lease payments | \$ | 102,047 | \$ | 178,266 |

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8 – CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved with various matters of litigation from year to year. It is the opinion of City officials that these cases will either be handled by the City's insurance coverage or that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.

NOTE 9 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances – During the course of normal operations, the City's General Fund has loaned the Active Adult Center Fund (non-major fund) \$56,778 to fund ongoing operations. Balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTE 10 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the pension plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

| Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total | |
|---|-------------------------|------------|--------------------------|----|------------|--|
| Net pension/OPEB assets | \$ | 76,841 | \$ 2,518 | \$ | 79,359 | |
| Net pension/OPEB liabilities | | 14,419,401 | 961,486 | | 15,380,887 | |
| Deferred outflows of resources | | | | | | |
| related to pension and OPEB | | 3,856,107 | 226,654 | | 4,082,761 | |
| Deferred inflows of resources | | | | | | |
| related to pension and OPEB | | 1,233,998 | 124,916 | | 1,358,914 | |
| Pension and OPEB expense | | 1,923,599 | 44,341 | | 1,967,940 | |

The City reported \$2,946,812 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Membership Date: | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Before July 1, 2011 | On or after July 1, 2011 | | | | | |
| Years of service and age | Sum of years and age equals 80 | 30 years age 55 | | | | | |
| required to receive benefit | 10 years age 62 | 25 years age 60 | | | | | |
| | 5 years age 50* | 10 years age 62 | | | | | |
| | Any years age 65 | 5 years age 50* | | | | | |
| | | Any years age 65 | | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 months of last 120 months | Highest 60 months of last 120 months | | | | | |
| Benefit percent per year of service | 2.1% to 2.3% | 2.1% to 2.3% | | | | | |

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Contributions – In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.80 percent (11.64 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.80 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.53 percent (10.41 percent for retirement, 0.06 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.06 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The City's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$290,300, \$11,785, and \$4,115, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 72.08 percent from the General Fund, 17.47 percent from the Water Utility Fund, and 10.45 percent from the Sewer Utility Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

| | Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Pension | \$ | 3,430,834 | | |
| Health insurance premium benefit | | (9,017) | | |
| Long-term disability | | 12,885 | | |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3–6.75 percent to 2.7–7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 percent to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates.

The City's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

| | Proportion | Increase (decrease) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | June 30, 2018 | from June 30, 2017 |
| Pension | 0.02460% | 0.00203% |
| Health insurance premium benefit | 0.02504% | 0.00214% |
| Long-term disability | 0.02466% | 0.00199% |

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

| | Pens | sion/OPEB |
|----------------------------------|------|-----------|
| | F | Expense |
| Pension | \$ | 145,065 |
| Health insurance premium benefit | | 8,993 |
| Long-term disability | | 4,757 |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | | Pen | sion | | Н | ealth Insura Ber | nce Pr nefit | emium |
|---|----|----------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|----|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| | Ou | eferred tflows of esources | In | eferred flows of esources | Ou | eferred tflows of esources | In | eferred flows of esources |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 94,517 | \$ | 18,914 | \$ | - | \$ | 8,322 |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected | | 90,786 | | 304,191 | | 17,389 | | - |
| and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City | | - | | 82,503 | | - | | 18,012 |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the | | 298,956 | | 14,208 | | 110 | | 10 |
| measurement date | | 290,300 | | | | 11,785 | | |
| Total | \$ | 774,559 | \$ | 419,816 | \$ | 29,284 | \$ | 26,344 |
| | | Long-Terr | n Disal | bility | | | | |
| | Ou | eferred tflows of esources | In | eferred flows of esources | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other | \$ | 330 | \$ | - | | | | |
| inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan | | 2,791 | | - | | | | |
| investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate | \$ | - | \$ | 1,248 | | | | |
| share of contributions City contributions subsequent to the | | 720 | | - | | | | |
| measurement date | | 4,115 | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 7,956 | \$ | 1,248 | | | | |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | | Health | n Insurance | Long-Term |
|---------------------|---------------|--------|-------------|------------|
| Year ended June 30, | Pension | Premi | um Benefit | Disability |
| 2020 | \$ 191,260 | \$ | (3,472) | 139 |
| 2021 | 35,335 | | (3,471) | 138 |
| 2022 | (125,152) | | (3,469) | 138 |
| 2023 | (37,000) | | 370 | 472 |
| 2024 | - | | 1,197 | 533 |
| Thereafter | - | | - | 1,173 |

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2017 |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Actuarial roll forward date | June 30, 2018 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.5% |
| Projected salary increases | 2.7-7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Inflation | 2.3% |
| Permanent benefit increase | Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Mortality rates | 2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance |
| | premium benefit |
| Recovery rates | 2012 GLDT for long-term disability |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | Not applicable |

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.50 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Geometric Real Rate of Return |
|--------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| Equity | 50% | 5.50% |
| Fixed income | 30% | 3.83% |
| Real estate | 20% | 5.85% |
| Total | 100% | |

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

| | | | Cu | rrent Discount | |
|------------------------------------|----|------------|----|----------------|-----------------|
| | 1 | % Decrease | | Rate | 1% Increase |
| | | (6.5%) | | (7.5%) | (8.5%) |
| City's proportionate share of the | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | \$ | 4,890,733 | \$ | 3,430,834 | \$ 2,211,112 |
| Net insurance premium benefit | | | | | |
| liability (asset) | | 31,948 | | (9,017) | (43,911) |
| Net long-term disability liability | | 14,602 | | 12,885 | 11,219 |

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Elected Officials Retirement Plan

Plan Description – Elected officials participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan (EORP), or the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System (EODCRS). EORP administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan for elected officials who were members of the plan on December 31, 2013. The EORP pension and OPEB plans were closed to new members as of January 1, 2014. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EORP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the EORP plans. The report is available on PSPRS's website at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Benefits provided – The EORP provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average yearly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Membership Date: | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or after January 1, 2012 | | | | | |
| Retirement and Disability | | | | | | | |
| Years of service and age required | | | | | | | |
| to receive benefit | 20 years of service, any age | 10 years, age 62 | | | | | |
| | 10 years, age 62 | 5 years, age 65 | | | | | |
| | 5 years, age 65 | any years and age if disabled | | | | | |
| | 5 years, any age* | | | | | | |
| | any years and age if disabled | | | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 10 years | Highest 60 consecutive months of last 10 years | | | | | |
| Benefit percentage | | | | | | | |
| Normal Retirement | 4% per year of service, not to exceed 80% | 3% per year of service, not to exceed 75% | | | | | |
| Disability retirement | 80% with 10 or more years of service | 75% with 10 or more years of service | | | | | |
| | 40% with 5 to 10 years of service | 37.5% with 5 to 10 years of service | | | | | |
| | 20% with less than 5 years of service | 18.75% with less than 5 years of service | | | | | |
| Survivor Benefit | | | | | | | |
| Retired members | 75% of retired member's benefit | 50% of retired member's benefit | | | | | |
| Active members and other inactive members | 75% of disability retirement benefit | 50% of disability retirement benefit | | | | | |

^{*} With reduced benefits of 0.25% for each month early retirement precedes the member's normal retirement age, with a maximum reduction of 30%.

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. In addition, the Legislature may enact permanent one-time benefit increases after a Joint Legislative Budget Committee analysis of the increase's effects on the plan.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 8 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 7 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Contributions – State statutes establish active member and employer contribution requirements. Statute also appropriates \$5 million annually through fiscal year 2043 for the EORP from the State of Arizona to supplement the normal cost plus an amount to amortize the unfunded accrued liability and designates a portion of certain court fees for the EORP. For the year ended June 30, 2019, statute required active EORP members to contribute 7 or 13 percent of the members' annual covered payroll and the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 61.5 percent of all active EORP members' annual covered payroll. Also, statute required the City to contribute 49.86 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials who were ASRS members and 55.5 percent to EORP of the annual covered payroll of elected officials who were EODCRS members, in addition to the City's required contributions to ASRS and EODCRS for these elected officials. In addition, statute required the City to contribute 30.16 percent of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the EORP would typically fill. The City's contributions to the pension and health insurance premium benefit plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$16,993 and \$0, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid 100 percent of EORP pension contributions from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the EORP's net pension liability that reflected a reduction for the City's proportionate share of the State's appropriation for EORP. The amount the City recognized as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the City were as follows:

| City's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability | \$ 284,306 |
|---|---------------|
| State's proportionate share of the EORP net pension liability | |
| associated with the City | 48,714 |
| Total | \$ 333,020 |

The City also reported an asset of \$70,342 for its proportionate share of EORP's net OPEB asset.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The net asset and net liability were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect statutory changes in benefit terms for automatic cost-of-living adjustments. The basis for cost-of-living adjustments was changed from excess investment earnings to the change in the consumer price index, limited to a maximum annual increase of 2 percent.

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's required contributions to the pension plan relative to the total of all participating employers' required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's present value of benefits relative to the total of all participating employers' present value of benefits for the year ended June 30, 2018. The City's proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

| | Proportion | Increase (decrease) |
|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| | June 30, 2018 | from June 30, 2017 |
| Pension | 0.04512% | 0.01256% |
| Health insurance premium benefit | 0.68069% | 0.08646% |

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension and OPEB expense for EORP of \$(62,890) and \$(7,137), respectively, and revenue of \$13,850 for the City's proportionate share of the State's appropriation to EORP and the designated court fees.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

| | | Pen | sion | | Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|----------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|--------|--|
| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | tflows of Inflows of | | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | | | |
| actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 4,434 | \$ | 846 | \$ | 3,286 | |
| Changes of assumptions or other | | | | | | | | | |
| inputs | | 2,467 | | 118,359 | | 239 | | 3,807 | |
| Net difference between projected | | | | | | | | | |
| and actual earnings on pension plan | | | | | | | | | |
| investments | | 1,771 | | - | | - | | 4,298 | |
| Changes in proportion and | | | | | | | | | |
| differences between City | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate | | | | | | | | | |
| share of contributions | | 76,479 | | 1,343 | | - | | - | |
| City contributions subsequent to the | | | | | | | | | |
| measurement date | | 16,993 | | | | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 97,710 | \$ | 124,136 | \$ | 1,085 | \$ | 11,391 | |
| 1 Otal | Ψ | 71,110 | Ψ | 121,130 | Ψ | 1,003 | Ψ | 11,371 | |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to EORP pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | | | Healtl | n Insurance |
|---------------------|----|----------|--------|-------------|
| Year ended June 30, | I | Pension | Premi | um Benefit |
| 2020 | \$ | (40,051) | \$ | (6,192) |
| 2021 | | (2,361) | | (2,867) |
| 2022 | | (1,047) | | (1,280) |
| 2023 | | 41 | | 34 |

Actuarial assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

EORP

| LOM | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2018 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.40% |
| Wage inflation | 3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Price inflation | 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Permanent benefit increase | Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Mortality rates | RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with |
| | adjustments to match current experience |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | Not applicable |
| | |

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on EORP plan investments was determined to be 7.40 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| EORP | Long-term Expected Geometri | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| Asset Class | Target Allocation Real Rate of Return | | | | |
| Short term investments | 2% | 0.25% | | | |
| Risk parity | 4% | 5.00% | | | |
| Fixed income | 5% | 1.25% | | | |
| Real assets | 9% | 4.52% | | | |
| GTS | 12% | 3.96% | | | |
| Private credit | 16% | 6.75% | | | |
| Real estate | 10% | 3.75% | | | |
| Private equity | 12% | 5.83% | | | |
| Non-U.S. equity | 14% | 8.70% | | | |
| U.S. equity | 16% | 7.60% | | | |
| Total | 100% | | | | |

Discount rates – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the EORP total pension liability and total OPEB liability was 7.4 percent which was an increase of 3.49 for pension and no change for OPEB from the discount rates used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates, and State contributions will be made as currently required by statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the EORP net pension/OPEB (asset) liability to changes in the discount rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

| | | | Cur | rent Discount | | |
|--|------|----------|------|---------------|-----|-------------|
| | 1% | Decrease | | Rate | | 1% Increase |
| Rate - pension City's proportionate share of the net | 6.4% | | 7.4% | | 8.4 | |
| pension liability | \$ | 326,449 | \$ | 284,306 | \$ | 248,483 |
| Rate - OPEB City's proportionate share of the net | | 6.4% | | 7.4% | | 8.4% |
| OPEB (asset) | \$ | (62,527) | \$ | (70,342) | \$ | (77,097) |

Plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued EORP financial report.

EODCRS plan – Elected officials that are not members of EORP or ASRS participate in the EODCRS and the Elected Officials Defined Contribution Retirement System Disability Program (EODCDP). The EODCRS is a defined contribution pension plan. The EODCDP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit disability (OPEB) plan for EODCRS members. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the EODCRS and EODCDP according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 3.1 and 3.2. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by state statute. The EODCDP is not further disclosed because of its relative insignificance to the City's financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, active EODCRS members were required by statute to contribute 8 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the City was required by statute to contribute 6 percent of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the City's contributions to the individual employee account and the earnings on those contributions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,215.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

C. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – City police and fire employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool).

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

| | Initial Membership Date: | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Before January 1, 2012 | On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017 | | | | |
| Retirement and Disability | | | | | | |
| Years of service and age required to receive benefit | 20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62 | 25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5 | | | | |
| Final average salary is based on | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years | Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years | | | | |
| Benefit percentage | | | | | | |
| Normal Retirement | 50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80% | 1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80% | | | | |
| Accidental Disability Retirement | 50% or normal retirement | ent, whichever is greater | | | | |
| Catastrophic Disability Retirement | | ed to either 62.5% or normal retirement, r is greater | | | | |
| Ordinary Disability Retirement | Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (no to exceed 20 years) divided by 20 | | | | | |
| Survivor Benefit | | | | | | |
| Retired Members | 80% to 100% of retired | member's pension benefit | | | | |
| Active Members | 80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job | | | | | |

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

| _ | PSPRS Po | olice | PSPRS Fire | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|--------|------------|--------|--|
| | Pension | Health | Pension | Health | |
| _ | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Inactive employees or beneficiaries | | | | | |
| currently receiving benefits | 18 | 18 | 15 | 15 | |
| Inactive employees entitled to but | | | | | |
| not yet receiving benefits | 11 | 1 | 3 | 2 | |
| Active employees | 15 | 15 | 12 | 12 | |
| Total | 44 | 34 | 30 | 29 | |
| = | | | | | |

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

| | Active Member- | | City-Health Insurance Premium |
|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| | Pension | City-Pension | Benefit |
| PSPRS Police | 7.65% - 11.65% | 77.37% | 0.58% |
| PSPRS Fire | 7.65% - 11.65% | 63.92% | 0.74% |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

The City's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were:

| | | Health Insurance | | |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|-------|--|
| | Pension | Premium Benefit | | |
| PSPRS Police | \$ 1,233,743 | \$ | 4,044 | |
| PSPRS Fire | 934,510 | | 5,752 | |

During fiscal year 2019, the City paid for 100 percent of PSPRS-Police and PSPRS-Fire pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2019, the City reported the following liabilities:

| | Net Per | nsion (Asset) | Net OPEB (Asset) | | |
|--------------|---------|---------------|------------------|--------|--|
| | L | iability | Liability | | |
| PSPRS Police | \$ | 6,196,351 | \$ | 26,147 | |
| PSPRS Fire | | 5,397,156 | | 33,208 | |

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liabilities are as follows:

PSPRS

| Actuarial valuation date | June 30, 2018 |
|---------------------------|---|
| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
| Investment rate of return | 7.40% |
| Wage inflation | 3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |
| Price inflation | 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB |

Price inflation 2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB

Mortality rates RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with

adjustments to match current experience

Healthcare cost trend rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target Allocation | Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return |
|------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Short term investments | 2% | 0.25% |
| Risk parity | 4% | 5.00% |
| Fixed Income | 5% | 1.25% |
| Real assets | 9% | 4.52% |
| GTS | 12% | 3.96% |
| Private credit | 16% | 6.75% |
| Real estate | 10% | 3.75% |
| Private equity | 12% | 5.83% |
| Non-U.S. equity | 14% | 8.70% |
| U.S. equity | 16% | 7.60% |
| Total | 100% | |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.4 percent, which was the same as the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

Doncion

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

PSPRS-Police

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|-----------|--|
| | | al Pension ability (a) | n Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | | Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2018 | \$ | 11,259,094 | \$ | 4,798,424 | \$ | 6,460,670 | |
| Changes for the year | | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 182,188 | | - | | 182,188 | |
| Interest on the total liability | | 813,277 | | - | | 813,277 | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | |
| actual experience in the | | | | | | | |
| measurement of the liability | | (408,687) | | - | | (408,687) | |
| Changes of assumptions or other | | | | | | | |
| inputs | | - | | - | | - | |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 815,705 | | (815,705) | |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | 89,808 | | (89,808) | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 342,460 | | (342,460) | |
| Benefit payments, including | | | | | | | |
| refunds of employee contributions | | (719,917) | | (719,917) | | - | |
| Hall/Parker Settlement | | - | | (121,780) | | 121,780 | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (5,912) | | 5,912 | |
| Other changes | | | | (269,184) | | 269,184 | |
| Net changes | | (133,139) | | 131,180 | | (264,319) | |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$ | 11,125,955 | \$ | 4,929,604 | \$ | 6,196,351 | |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|----|------------------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| | Total OPEB Liability (a) | | | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | | PEB (Asset) ity (a) - (b) |
| Balances at June 30, 2018 | \$ | 298,117 | \$ | 275,060 | \$ | 23,057 |
| Changes for the year | | | | _ | | _ |
| Service Cost | | 4,259 | | - | | 4,259 |
| Interest on the total liability | | 21,422 | | - | | 21,422 |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | |
| actual experience in the | | | | | | |
| measurement of the liability | | (3,053) | | - | | (3,053) |
| Changes of assumptions or other | | | | | | |
| inputs | | - | | - | | - |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 1,277 | | (1,277) |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | - | | - |
| Net investment income | | - | | 18,543 | | (18,543) |
| Benefit payments, including | | | | | | |
| refunds of employee contributions | | (21,532) | | (21,532) | | - |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (282) | | 282 |
| Other changes | | | | | | - |
| Net changes | | 1,096 | | (1,994) | | 3,090 |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$ | 299,213 | \$ | 273,066 | \$ | 26,147 |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

PSPRS-Fire

Pension Increase (Decrease)

| Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| | Total Pension Liability (a) | | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | | Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b) | | |
| \$ | 9,964,279 | \$ | 4,221,512 | \$ | 5,742,767 | | |
| | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| | 154,335 | | - | | 154,335 | | |
| | 722,857 | | - | | 722,857 | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (213,668) | | - | | (213,668) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | |
| | - | | 757,577 | | (757,577) | | |
| | - | | 81,039 | | (81,039) | | |
| | - | | 310,839 | | (310,839) | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | (546,226) | | (546,226) | | - | | |
| | - | | (134,943) | | 134,943 | | |
| | - | | (5,431) | | 5,431 | | |
| | - | | 54 | | (54) | | |
| | 117,298 | | 462,909 | | (345,611) | | |
| \$ | 10,081,577 | \$ | 4,684,421 | \$ | 5,397,156 | | |
| | \$ | Liability (a) \$ 9,964,279 154,335 722,857 | Total Pension Liability (a) \$ 9,964,279 \$ \$ 154,335 722,857 - (213,668) - (546,226) - (17,298) | Total Pension Liability (a) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) \$ 9,964,279 \$ 4,221,512 154,335 - 722,857 - - - (213,668) - - 757,577 - 81,039 - 310,839 (546,226) (546,226) - (134,943) - (5,431) - 54 117,298 462,909 | Total Pension Liability (a) Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) Net Pension (Assert Pension (b) \$ 9,964,279 \$ 4,221,512 \$ 154,335 - - 722,857 - - - - - (213,668) - - - 81,039 - - 310,839 - (546,226) (546,226) (134,943) - (5,431) - - 54 - 117,298 462,909 | | |

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------|--------------|---|----------|--|
| | Total OPEB Liability (a) | | Plan F | iduciary Net | Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b) | | |
| | | | Po | sition (b) | | | |
| Balances at June 30, 2018 | \$ | 236,557 | \$ | 185,636 | \$ | 50,921 | |
| Changes for the year | | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | | 2,618 | | - | | 2,618 | |
| Interest on the total liability | | 17,140 | | - | | 17,140 | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | - | | - | |
| Differences between expected and | | | | | | | |
| actual experience in the | | | | | | | |
| measurement of the liability | | (23,286) | | - | | (23,286) | |
| Changes of assumptions or other | | | | | | | |
| inputs | | - | | - | | - | |
| Contributions-employer | | - | | 1,791 | | (1,791) | |
| Contributions-employee | | - | | - | | - | |
| Net investment income | | - | | 12,586 | | (12,586) | |
| Benefit payments, including | | | | | | | |
| refunds of employee contributions | | (12,480) | | (12,480) | | - | |
| Administrative expense | | - | | (192) | | 192 | |
| Other changes | | - | | - | | - | |
| Net changes | | (16,008) | | 1,705 | | (17,713) | |
| Balances at June 30, 2019 | \$ | 220,549 | \$ | 187,341 | \$ | 33,208 | |

Sensitivity of the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

| | 1% Decrease (6.4%) | | Rate (7.4%) | | 1% Increase (8.4%) | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| PSPRS Police | | | | | | |
| Net pension (asset) liability | \$ | 7,495,152 | \$ | 6,196,351 | \$ | 5,125,811 |
| Net OPEB (asset) liability | | 55,632 | | 26,147 | | 1,225 |
| PSPRS Fire | | | | | | |
| Net pension (asset) liability | \$ | 6,662,190 | \$ | 5,397,156 | \$ | 4,359,299 |
| Net OPEB (asset) liability | | 57,647 | | 33,208 | | 12,657 |

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

| | Pens | sion Expense | OPEB Expense (Income) | | |
|--------------|------|--------------|-----------------------|---------|--|
| PSPRS Police | \$ | 1,132,834 | \$ | 2,784 | |
| PSPRS Fire | | 761,789 | | (4,405) | |

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

PSPRS-Police

| | Pension | | | | | Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|--|--|
| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | | |
| Differences between expected and | Φ. | 55 04 6 | Φ. | 454 003 | 4 | | Φ. | 5.0 00 | | |
| actual experience | \$ | 57,816 | \$ | 454,983 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,389 | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected | | 338,551 | | - | | 888 | | - | | |
| and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City | | 15,776 | | - | | - | | 5,738 | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| City contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 1,233,743 | | | | 4,044 | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,645,886 | \$ | 454,983 | \$ | 4,932 | \$ | 11,127 | | |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - Continued

PSPRS-Fire

| | | Pen | sion | | Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|-------|------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | Outflows of Inflows of | | Inflows of Outflows of | | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 75,112 | \$ | 272,574 | \$ | - | \$ | 32,834 | | | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected | | 472,376 | | - | | - | | 725 | | | | |
| and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City | | 33,599 | | - | | - | | 3,736 | | | | |
| contributions and proportionate share of contributions | | - | | - | | - | | - | | | | |
| City contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 934,510 | | - | | 5,752 | | - | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 1,515,597 | \$ | 272,574 | \$ | 5,752 | \$ | 37,295 | | | | |

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

| | | PSPRS | Police | | | PSPR | S Fire | Fire | | |
|---------------------|----|----------|--------|---------|----|----------|--------|----------|--|--|
| | F | Pension | | Health | | Pension | | Health | | |
| Year ended June 30, | | | | | | | , | | | |
| 2020 | \$ | 54,546 | \$ | (3,584) | \$ | 172,972 | \$ | (11,021) | | |
| 2021 | | (39,972) | | (3,584) | | 130,523 | | (11,021) | | |
| 2022 | | (58,376) | | (3,283) | | 37,788 | | (11,023) | | |
| 2023 | | 962 | | 212 | | (32,770) | | (4,230) | | |
| 2024 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | |
| Thereafter | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 – OPEB LIABILITY

On April 21, 2008, the City adopted a healthcare reimbursement plan for all retired employees from the City of Globe. The City agreed to reimburse employees up to \$400 each month for healthcare until they reached the age of 65. In August 2011, the City closed the plan to new entrants and all participants must have retired prior to December 31, 2011 to be eligible for the benefit. As of June 30, 2019, only one participant remains in the plan. As of June 30, 2019, the estimated accrued liability is \$11,960.

NOTE 12 – COMMITTED FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

In conjunction with an increase in its sanitation fees during 1991-92, the City provided that \$1 per month per customer be reserved for a recycling program for the City. This monthly allocation of sanitation fees was terminated in May, 1994, but prior funds set aside for the program remain committed for recycling purposes (\$23,017).

In November 1995, the City increased its cemetery lot fees, and designated \$50 of each \$100 lot fee received be set apart "for improvements and maintenance of current cemetery facilities or the acquisition and/or development of other property for cemetery purposes."

| | Gene | ral Fund |
|---------------------------------------|------|----------|
| Allocation of revenue for 18-19 | \$ | 5,500 |
| Expenditures | | - |
| Increase in committed fund balance | | 5,500 |
| Committed fund balance, July 1, 2018 | | 84,237 |
| Committed fund balance, June 30, 2019 | \$ | 89,737 |
| | | |

In conjunction with an increase in its water fees during 1992-93, the City provided that \$1 per month per customer be reserved for expenditures necessary to "secure a future water supply" or "water exploration"

| | Water Fund | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|
| Allocation of revenue for 18-19 | \$ | 65,543 |
| Expenditures | | _ |
| Increase in committed fund balance | | 65,543 |
| Committed fund balance, July 1, 2018 | | 988,428 |
| Committed fund balance, June 30, 2019 | \$ | 1,053,971 |

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 13 – LEGAL AND CONTINGENCIES

Pollution Remediation

The City is party to an environmental pollution remediation project involving land where underground gasoline storage tanks caused groundwater pollution. For the year ended June 30, 2019, no testing and engineering costs had been incurred.

Federal and State Grants

In the normal course of operations, the City receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authorities the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for a reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

Participation in Public Entity Risk Pool

The City is a member of the Arizona Municipal Risk Retention Pool ("Pool"). The Pool was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of self-funding for the Pool's membership, obtain lower costs for property and liability insurance coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The City pays an annual premium to the Pool for its coverage. The City's agreement with the Pool provides that the Pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will provide, through commercial companies reinsurance contracts, individual stop loss coverage for member local governments. Insurance settlements for the City did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

The Pool is financially solvent as of June 30, 2019. However, if the Pool should become insolvent, the City may be assessed an "additional premium" not to exceed the City's annual premium for the year.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted | Amounts | Actual | Variance with | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Amounts | Final Budget | |
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 5,505,940 | \$ 5,505,940 | \$ 5,393,300 | \$ (112,640) | |
| Intergovernmental | 2,146,072 | 2,146,072 | 2,135,257 | (10,815) | |
| Charges for services | 980,583 | 980,583 | 994,984 | 14,401 | |
| Licenses, permits and fees | 644,731 | 644,731 | 584,418 | (60,313) | |
| Franchise fees | 247,984 | 247,984 | 229,200 | (18,784) | |
| Other revenue | 139,639 | 139,639 | 113,940 | (25,699) | |
| Interest | 44,674 | 44,674 | 109,686 | 65,012 | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 74,216 | 74,216 | 92,339 | 18,123 | |
| Total revenues | 9,783,839 | 9,783,839 | 9,653,124 | (130,715) | |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| Mayor and council | 588,706 | 588,706 | 390,473 | 198,233 | |
| Community organizations | 144,752 | 144,752 | 135,894 | 8,858 | |
| Administration | 1,030,795 | 1,030,795 | 1,157,266 | (126,471) | |
| Fire | 2,402,150 | 2,402,150 | 2,690,514 | (288,364) | |
| Police | 3,100,437 | 3,100,437 | 3,656,305 | (555,868) | |
| Magistrate | 171,096 | 171,096 | 168,709 | 2,387 | |
| Sanitation | 636,000 | 636,000 | 615,657 | 20,343 | |
| Public works | 804,498 | 804,498 | 890,419 | (85,921) | |
| Museum | 200,467 | 200,467 | 196,480 | 3,987 | |
| Economic development | 136,115 | 136,115 | 153,203 | (17,088) | |
| Fleet maintenance | 356,868 | 356,868 | 407,763 | (50,895) | |
| Contingency | 1,435,783 | 1,435,783 | | 1,435,783 | |
| Total expenditures | 11,007,667 | 11,007,667 | 10,462,683 | 544,984 | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (1,223,828) | (1,223,828) | (809,559) | 414,269 | |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | 2,500 | 2,500 | 10,400 | 7,900 | |
| Transfers | (357,384) | (357,384) | (276,475) | 80,909 | |
| Total other financing | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | (354,884) | (354,884) | (266,075) | 88,809 | |
| Net change in fund balances | (1,578,712) | (1,578,712) | (1,075,634) | 503,078 | |
| Fund balances, beginning of year | 5,373,946 | 5,373,946 | 5,373,946 | | |
| Fund balances, end of year | \$ 3,795,234 | \$ 3,795,234 | \$ 4,298,312 | \$ 503,078 | |

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the City to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The City Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the City Council's approval. With the exception of the general fund, each fund includes only one department.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the Administration, Fire, Police, Public Works, Economic Development, and Fleet Maintenance departments.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2019

ASRS-Pension

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | 2019 (2018) | 2018 (2017) | 2017 (2016) | 2016 (2015) | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2009 | | | |
| City's proportion of the net pension liability | 0.024600% | 0.022570% | 0.021150% | 0.022530% | 0.022481% | Information | | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ 3,430,834 | \$ 3,515,966 | \$ 3,413,822 | \$ 3,509,498 | \$ 3,511,274 | not available | | | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ 2,445,220 | \$ 2,201,679 | \$ 1,980,756 | \$ 2,075,216 | \$ 2,139,121 | | | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | 140.31% | 159.69% | 172.35% | 169.11% | 164.15% | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 73.40% | 69.92% | 67.06% | 68.35% | 69.49% | | | | |

Reporting Fiscal Year

ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------|----|-----------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| | | 2019 (2018) | | | 2017 through 2009 | | | |
| City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) | | 0.025040% | | 0.022900% | Information | | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | \$ | (9,017) | \$ | (12,467) | not available | | | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ | 2,445,220 | \$ | 2,201,679 | | | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | -0.37% | | -0.57% | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 102.20% | | 103.57% | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2019

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

| , | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | |
|--|---|----------------|----|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2009 | | |
| City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) | | 0.024660% | | 0.022670% | Information | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | \$ | 12,885 | \$ | 8,217 | not available | | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ | 2,445,220 | \$ | 2,201,679 | | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | 0.53% | | 0.37% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 77.83% | | 84.44% | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Cost-Sharing Pension Plans June 30, 2019

EORP-Pension

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|----------------|-------------------|
| | | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | | 2017 (2016) | | 2016 (2015) | | 2015 (2014) | 2014 through 2009 |
| City's proportion of the net pension liability | | 0.045118% | | 0.032560% | | 0.034382% | | 0.030830% | | 0.038340% | Information |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability | \$ | 284,306 | \$ | 396,740 | \$ | 324,824 | \$ | 240,920 | \$ | 257,089 | not available |
| State's proportionate share of the net pension liability | | | | | | | | | | | |
| associated with the City | | 48,714 | | 82,346 | | 67,068 | | 75,109 | | 78,826 | |
| Total | \$ | 333,020 | \$ | 479,086 | \$ | 391,892 | \$ | 316,029 | \$ | 335,915 | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ | 14,400 | \$ | 21,100 | \$ | 33,054 | \$ | 27,600 | \$ | 34,762 | |
| City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a | | 1974.35% | | 1880.28% | | 982.71% | | 872.90% | | 739.57% | |
| percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension | | 30.36% | | 17.16% | | 23.42% | | 28.32% | | 31.91% | |
| liability | | | | | | | | | | | |

Reporting Fiscal Year

EORP-Health Insurance Premium Benefit

| | (Measurement Date) | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|----------------|----|----------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2009 | | |
| City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) | | 0.68069% | | 0.59423% | Information | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) | \$ | (70,342) | \$ | (54,112) | not available | | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ | 14,400 | \$ | 21,100 | | | |
| City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll | | -488.49% | | -256.45% | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 177.16% | | 164.84% | | | |

See accompanying notes to pension plan schedules.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2019

Reporting Fiscal Year

PSPRS - Police

liability

payroll

Covered payroll

City's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered

(Measurement Date) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 through (2018)(2017)(2016)(2015)(2014)2010 Total pension liability Information 182,188 163,019 174,994 171,814 202,049 not available Service cost Interest on the total pension liability 813,277 787,344 801,630 743,307 635,715 Changes of benefit terms 94,012 (16,247)264,241 Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability (408,687) (130,723)(309,546)387,628 (429,362)Changes of assumptions or other inputs 393,169 394,703 1,250,618 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee (719,917) (928,288) (578,648) (544,101) (530,972)contributions Net change in total pension liability (133, 139)378,533 466,886 758,648 1,392,289 Total pension liability - beginning 11,259,094 10,880,561 10,413,675 9,655,027 8,262,738 \$ 11,125,955 9,655,027 \$ 11,259,094 \$ 10,880,561 \$ 10,413,675 Total pension liability - ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer 815,705 \$ 1,260,786 533,254 349,032 \$ 282,220 Contributions - employee 89,808 110,209 122,776 120,405 108,788 Net investment income 342,460 509,719 21,771 132,063 445,624 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (719,917)(928,288) (578,648)(544,101) (530,972)Hall/Parker Settlement (121,780)Administrative expense (5,912)(4,910)(3,533)(3,595)(269,184) 118,574 (59,187)55,462 (251,795)Other changes 109,266 Net change in plan fiduciary net position 131,180 1,066,090 36,433 53,865 Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 4,798,424 3,695,901 3,532,770 3,586,635 3,732,334 Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) 4,929,604 \$ 4,798,424 3,695,901 3,586,635 \$ 6,196,351 \$ 6,460,670 \$ 7,148,227 \$ 6,068,392 City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) \$ 6,717,774 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension

44.31%

946,429

654.71%

42.62%

701,459

921.03%

34.30%

946,935

754.88%

35.49%

942,820

712.52%

37.15%

910,118

666.77%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2019

PSPRS OPEB - Police

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|----------------|----------|-------------------|--|--|
| | 2019 (2018) | | 2018 (2017) | | 2017 through 2010 | | |
| Total OPEB liability | | | | | | | |
| Service cost | \$ | 4,259 | \$ | 3,788 | Information | | |
| Interest on the total OPEB liability | | 21,422 | | 21,452 | not available | | |
| Changes of benefit terms | | - | | 2,092 | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience in the | | | | | | | |
| measurement of the OPEB liability | | (3,053) | | (5,432) | | | |
| Changes of assumptions or other inputs | | - | | 1,554 | | | |
| Benefit payments | | (21,532) | | (18,950) | | | |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | | 1,096 | | 4,504 | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | | 298,117 | | 293,613 | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 299,213 | \$ | 298,117 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | | | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ | 1,277 | \$ | 5,662 | | | |
| Contributions - employee | | - | | - | | | |
| Net investment income | | 18,543 | | 29,866 | | | |
| Benefit payments | | (21,532) | | (18,950) | | | |
| Administrative expense | | (282) | | (264) | | | |
| Other changes | | - | | - | | | |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | | (1,994) | | 16,314 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | | 275,060 | | 258,746 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 273,066 | \$ | 275,060 | | | |
| City's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 26,147 | \$ | 23,057 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 91.26% | | 92.27% | | | |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 946,429 | \$ | 701,459 | | | |
| City's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered | | | | | | | |

2.76%

3.29%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Agent Plans June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Fire

payroll

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 through (2018)(2017)(2016)(2015)(2014)2010 Total pension liability Information 154,335 183,783 150,264 156,604 170,156 not available Service cost Interest on the total pension liability 722,857 672,411 633,583 614,602 568,739 Changes of benefit terms 135,787 223,209 157,833 Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability (213,668)(36,300)149,036 25,042 (673,178)Changes of assumptions or other inputs 386,905 320,233 770,143 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee (546,226) (503,789) (408,889) (396,467) contributions (693,666)Net change in total pension liability 117,298 838,797 782,659 387,359 597,226 Total pension liability - beginning 9,964,279 9,125,482 8,342,823 7,955,464 7,358,238 \$ 10,081,577 \$ 9,125,482 \$ 8,342,823 \$ 7,955,464 \$ 9,964,279 Total pension liability - ending (a) Plan fiduciary net position 910,230 402,007 308,280 302,193 Contributions - employer 757,577 Contributions - employee 81,039 103,643 109,165 94,304 90,601 430,025 125,014 Net investment income 310,839 19,895 425,082 Benefit payments, including refunds of employee (546, 226)(503,789)(408,889)(396,467) contributions (693,666)Hall/Parker Settlement (134,943)Administrative expense (5,431)(4,205)(3,263)(3,433)54 (9,865)(194,808)(130,977)Other changes 43 Net change in plan fiduciary net position 462,909 935,947 (175,727) (79,532)290,432 3,250,392 Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 4,221,512 3,285,565 3,461,292 3,540,824 \$ 4,684,421 \$ 4,221,512 \$ 3,285,565 Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) \$ 3,461,292 3,540,824 City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b) \$ 5,397,156 \$ 5,839,917 \$ 4,881,531 \$ 5,742,767 \$ 4,414,640 Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension 46.47% 42.37% 36.00% 41.49% 44.51% liability Covered payroll 707,632 811,764 810,047 803,920 823,923 City's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered

762.71%

707.44%

720.94%

607.22%

535.81%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios **Agent Pension Plans – PSPRS Fire** June 30, 2019

PSPRS OPEB - Fire

| | Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|----|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| | 2019 (2018) | | | 2018 (2017) | 2017 through 2010 | | |
| Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms | \$ | 2,618 17,140 | \$ | 3,247 18,597 | Information not available | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the OPEB liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability | | (23,286) - (12,480) (16,008) | | (23,735) (1,201) (13,380) (16,472) | | | |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending (a) | \$ | 236,557 220,549 | \$ | 253,029 236,557 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other changes | \$ | 1,791 - 12,586 (12,480) (192) | \$ | 9,839 - 19,799 (13,380) (176) | | | |
| Net changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | \$ | 1,705 185,636 187,341 | \$ | 16,082 169,554 185,636 | | | |
| City's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 33,208 | \$ | 50,921 | | | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability | | 84.94% | | 78.47% | | | |
| Covered payroll City's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll | \$ | 707,632 4.69% | \$ | 811,764 6.27% | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

ASRS-Pension

| | Reporting Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|----|-----------|------|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----------------------|
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 through 2010 |
| Statutorily required contribution | \$ | 290,300 | \$ | 266,529 | \$ | 237,341 | \$ | 214,912 | \$ | 225,991 | \$ | 228,886 | Information |
| City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required | | | | | | | | | | | | | not available |
| contribution | | (290,300) | | (266,529) | | (237,341) | | (214,912) | | (225,991) | | (228,886) | |
| City's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ | 2,506,841 | \$ | 2,445,220 | \$ | 2,201,679 | \$ | 1,980,756 | \$ | 2,075,216 | \$ | 2,139,121 | |
| City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 11.58% | | 10.90% | | 10.78% | | 10.85% | | 10.89% | | 10.70% | |
| ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Reporting | Fisc | al Year | | | | | | | |

| Statutorily required contribution |
|--|
| City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required |
| contribution |
| City's contribution deficiency (excess) |
| City's covered payroll |
| City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll |
| |

| | Kepoi ung | i isca | i i cai | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 2019 | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 through 2010 | | | |
| \$ 11,785 | \$ 10,749 | \$ | 12,329 | Information not available | | | |
| \$ 2,506,841 | \$ (10,749) - 2,445,220 | \$ | (12,329) - 2,201,679 | | | | |
| 0.47% | 0.44% | | 0.56% | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Police

| | Reporting Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|----|-------------------------|-------|-------------------------|----|----------------------------|----|----------------------|----|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2013 through 2010 |
| Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution | \$ 1,233,743 (1,233,743) | \$ | 815,705 (815,705) | | 1,260,786 | \$ | 533,254 (533,254) | \$ | 349,032 (349,032) | \$ | 282,220 (282,220) | Information not available |
| City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered-employee payroll City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | \$ - \$ 1,010,806 122.06% | \$ | 946,429 | \$ | 701,459 179.74% | \$ | 946,935 | \$ | 942,820 | \$ | 910,118 | |
| PSPRS OPEB - Police | | | Reporting | Fisca | 745296 I Year | | | | | | | |
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | 20 | 16 through 2010 | | | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined | \$ 4,044 | \$ | 1,277 | \$ | 5,662 | | nformation ot available | | | | | |
| contribution City's contribution deficiency (excess) City's covered payroll | \$ - \$ 1,010,806 | \$ | (1,277) - 946,429 | \$ | (5,662) - 701,459 | | | | | | | |
| City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 0.40% | | 0.13% | | 0.81% | | | | | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Fire

| | Reporting Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|------|-----------|---------------------------|
| | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2016 | | 2015 | | 2014 | | 2013 through 2010 |
| Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined | \$ | 934,510 | \$ | 757,577 | \$ | 910,230 | \$ | 402,007 | \$ | 308,280 | \$ | 302,193 | Information not available |
| contribution | | (934,510) | | (757,577) | | (910,230) | | (402,007) | | (308,280) | | (302,193) | 1100 41 4114010 |
| City's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | |
| City's covered-employee payroll | \$ | 892,341 | \$ | 707,632 | \$ | 811,764 | \$ | 810,047 | \$ | 803,920 | \$ | 823,923 | |
| City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 104.73% | | 107.06% | | 112.13% | | 49.63% | | 38.35% | | 36.68% | |

PSPRS OPEB - Fire

| | Reporting Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|---------|----|---------|----|---------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | | 2019 | | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 through 2010 | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially determined | \$ | 5,752 | \$ | 1,791 | \$ | 9,839 | Information not available | | |
| contribution | | (5,752) | | (1,791) | | (9,839) | not avanable | | |
| City's contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | | | |
| City's covered payroll | \$ | 892,341 | \$ | 707,632 | \$ | 811,764 | | | |
| City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | | 0.64% | | 0.25% | | 1.21% | | | |

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2019

EORP-Pension

Reporting Fiscal Year 2013 through 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2010 Statutorily required contribution 16,993 15,422 \$ 5,229 \$ 6,486 \$ 6,486 \$ 8,169 Information City's contributions in relation to the statutorily required not available contribution (16,993)(15,422)(5,229)(6,486)(6,486)(8,169)City's contribution deficiency (excess) \$ City's covered payroll 21,100 33,054 34,762 City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll 64.25% 107.10% 24.78% 19.62% 23.50% 23.50%

The City was not required and did not contribute to the EORP health insurance premium benefit plan for fiscal years 2018 or 2017. Information for fiscal years 2016 through 2009 is not available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as

of the 2017 actuarial valuation 19 years

Asset valuation method 7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from

7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of

return was decreased from 8.0% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from

4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0%

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for

PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from

5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition.

Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period

July 1, 2006 - June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016

fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for

both males and females)

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS - Continued

These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2019 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date.

These changes will increase the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the City refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the City to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the City's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

REPORTS AND SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Globe, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Globe, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Globe, Arizona's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Globe, Arizona's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a material weakness. The finding reference is **2019-001**.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Globe, Arizona's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Globe, Arizona's Response to the Finding

The City of Globe, Arizona's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City of Globe, Arizona's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

March 11, 2020

CITY OF GLOBE, ARIZONA Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended June 30, 2019

2019-001 - General Ledger Maintenance and Reconciliation

Criteria: To help ensure that internal and external financial reports are accurate, timely, and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, general ledger accounts should be reconciled on a monthly basis and supporting schedules should be prepared and reconciled with these general ledger accounts.

Condition: During our audit we noted misstatements that were not identified by the City's finance department which required adjusting journal entries.

Cause and Effect: As a result of turnover in accounting personnel, and a reduced accounting staff, certain accounts had not been reconciled for year end.

Auditors' Recommendations: We recommend that management review all audit entries to help in identifying areas in the accounting system that required adjustment. The finance department should ensure that these areas are complete before each audit.

Management's Response: To improve the City's reconciliation processes, the City will:

- Evaluate and implement closing procedures that will establish clear timelines and deadlines for recording transactions and reconciliations to the general ledger and sub ledgers.
- Maintain monthly reconciliations in order to maintain accuracy and attention to detail.
- Review all audit entries to ensure that required adjustments are made before the next audit.